

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

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NO 51-50

FINDING OF BABY'S BODY IS MYSTERY

The Mystery Happened in Zion
and Deputy Corner Conrad
is Investigating the Case

IS FOUND NEAR RAILROAD

Section Hands Found Body and Buried it
Without Notifying the
Officials

The deepest mystery surrounds the finding in Zion City Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock of the infant body of a dead child beside the railroad tracks about a quarter of a mile north of the North Western depot. Section hands who made the gruesome find had started to bury the body beside the railroad tracks when the authorities intervened. Deputy Corner Conrad was called to Zion City late Tuesday afternoon to make an investigation into the facts.

Captain A. A. Walker, head of the Zion City police department had started to leave Zion for Waukegan Tuesday afternoon when his assistant Mr. Handyside, reported to him that the body of an infant child had been found beside the tracks and that section men had started to bury the corpse.

Captain Walker hurried to the scene as rapidly as possible and as the section hands noted his approach they made haste to exhume the body which had been placed in a trench about 18 inches deep.

They told him they had found the infant corpse wrapped up in newspapers lying beside the tracks and not knowing what to do they had decided that the best thing was to bury the body without delay.

While there is no positive proof, Captain Walker is inclined to think that the tiny corpse was thrown from the window of some passenger train passing through Zion City. Whether the child was murdered and tossed out of the window to dispose of it, or whether it was tossed out of the window alive and died of the shock and exposure are two things which the deputy coroner will attempt to determine.

At the present time the case is one of the most mystifying that has presented itself in a long time. Had Captain Walker not arrived at the scene when he did the knowledge of the crime might never have come out and the body would have rested in an unknown grave. Every possible effort will be made to find the people guilty of the outrage. The body is said to be that of a child which was fully formed.

LOSS OF \$300 FROM FIRE IN THE WILTON FLAT

Friday afternoon of last week about half past five fire was discovered in the upper rooms of the Wilton house, just south of the opera house, and for a time it seemed as though the entire building was doomed, but owing to some prescient work by the crowd that quickly gathered the fire was extinguished.

The fire was caused by a kerosene stove in the back room, which had been lighted by Mrs. Hanneman preparatory to getting supper, in a short time it had spread to the attic, and smoke was pouring from all sides. The household goods were quickly removed but not before a loss of about \$100 was sustained by smoke and water. The lower rooms of the building were occupied by Mrs. Forbick and her goods were removed with little damage.

The damage to the building is estimated at about \$300. The loss is covered by an insurance.

Few.
Lives there a man with soul so dead, that, having once achieved public office, he ever satisfied to retire to private life?—Duluth News-Tribune.

Begin Slightly Late.
Some men don't commence worrying about their career until after 9 o'clock in the morning.—Atchison Globe.

Not Superstitious.
Some people never go anywhere on Friday because they never have any money until Saturday.

DEMISE OF E. C. SABIN

Death Results From an Attack of Pneumonia, After Month's Illness

On Saturday evening August 16, 1913, Ellis C. Sabin a long time resident of Antioch passed away after an illness of four weeks, the cause of which was pneumonia. During the first week of his illness his case was pronounced a very critical one but when the crisis passed and he began to gain there was for a time strong hopes of his recovery, but later complications set in and an operation was necessary, from that time on he seemed to gradually fail although there were some days when his recovery seemed possible. But his constitution was not strong enough to withstand the disease and he passed away on the 16th day of August, which lacked just one day of being his fiftieth wedding anniversary.

He was born March 21, 1865, about two miles north of Antioch, and as a boy attended school in old district No. 6 town of Salem. Later he attended the State Normal School at Whitewater, Wis., and taught for about fifteen years in the schools of Lake county in the vicinity of Antioch. Where he met Maud E. Simons to whom he was married Aug. 17, 1893, who survives him.

He leaves a host of friends who sincerely regret his early taking away, for he was a genial and loyal friend, unselfish to a fault. A close friend said of him "he was a better friend to everyone else than he was to himself and he was the best friend I ever had." He would neglect his own affairs to do a kindness for another, and never count the cost. He was always interested in any enterprise for the betterment of the community and gave his time and energy to any such undertaking. He was a loyal Mason and was Past Master of his lodge at one time.

He had a genuine dislike for any sham or ostentation and had requested that his funeral be a quiet one and that he be buried from his home, which request was complied with, Rev. Stixrud officiated and in a short address spoke words of comfort to the friends and family.

The home on Maple avenue was crowded with his friends and neighbors who came to pay a last tribute of genuine love and affection to the memory of a friend indeed.

His bier was banked high with beautiful flowers, tokens of love and esteem from close personal friends and the societies of which he was a member. He was laid to rest in the Hillside Cemetery beside his brother, Eugene, who passed before him. Peace to his soul and honor to his memory.

BOY DROWNS IN FOX LAKE

Capsize of a Canoe is the Cause of the Drowning of Raymond Allen

Raymond Allen, 16 years old, living on Racine avenue, Chicago, was drowned in Fox Lake Tuesday morning at 10:15 o'clock when a canoe in which he and a companion named Frank Vodarska were out rowing capsized in view of the Mineola hotel, which is conducted by Charles Armes.

Despite the fact that the water is said to be barely four feet deep at the place where the boy disappeared from sight all efforts to locate his body have proved unavailing. Several men in boats have been kept busy all day in dragging the lake but their efforts had been unavailing.

Allen, who is a special delivery boy in Chicago, with his companion had gone to Fox Lake and were camping on the shores for an outing. Tuesday morning about nine o'clock they went out in a canoe. Just what happened after that is not very clear but in some way the frail craft capsized and the two boys were thrown into the water. Allen disappeared from sight immediately and is believed to have sunk into a deep hole.

People who were nearby threw a rope to the other boy and after some little time he was drawn to safety. Immediately efforts were made to find Allen's body but without success.

In case that the body cannot be located in the ordinary way it is said that dynamite will be used in an effort to raise the body, although it is believed that it will rise to the surface in a few days because of the warm weather.

Wisdom Comes With Years.
A boy has to be at least fifteen years old before he realizes that actual war looks altogether differently from the military parade.

And Generally Unpleasant.
People who do not know how to laugh are always pompous and self-conceited.—Thackeray.

Not Profitable.
Anger is more tiresome than hard work and doesn't pay as well.—Atchison Globe.

NEARLY 400 MEMBERS ENROLLED

Improvements Association is
Growing Rapidly Through-
out County

FARM EXPERT IS ASSURED

Stanley F. Morse, Organizer, is Busy in
the County and Reports Unusual In-
terest in the Movement

The membership of the farm improvement association that is being organized under the auspices of the Lake County Agricultural Board is growing so rapidly that it is expected a farm expert will be at work among the farmers sometime next month. Stanley B. Morse, the organizer who is busy every day in one township or another, reports unusual interest in this movement throughout the county. While an effort is being made to see a large proportion of the farmers personally, it will not be possible to call on every farmer in the county. Hence any farmer who wishes to become a member of the association should secure an application card from one of the committeemen in his township and fill it out. Cards may be obtained by writing to Stanley F. Morse, Libertyville, or from the following in the various townships:

Antioch, Chase Webb; Avon, E. F. Shanks; Benton, H. W. Ferry; Cuba, Fred Kirchner; East Deerfield, John Duffy; West Deerfield, John Carolan; Elia, August Schwermer; Fremont, R. F. Rouse; Grant, Orley Howard; Lake Villa, John Stratton; Libertyville, Paul McGuffin; Newport, James G. Welch; Shields, John Griffith; Vernon, John E. Barrett; Warren, Leslie Bonner; Wauconda, J. D. Strocker; Waukegan, W. B. Smith.

It should be understood that anyone is eligible to join this organization; nearly 400 land owners, tenants, business and professional men have already joined, each pledging himself to pay a membership fee of from \$2 to \$100 per year. The association is being financed on a three year basis, each member guaranteeing his support for that period. The farm doctor or county advisor will be retained under a three year contract which will require him to give his entire time to the county. Every farmer who would like to have this expert visit his farm is urged to join without delay. The expert answers the farmers call in about the order in which they are received, first come, first served. Everybody should "get into the band wagon" and help "push a good thing along."

WAKES UP AND FINDS HER HUSBAND DEAD

When Mrs. Carl Shipman was awakened Friday morning by the struggles of her husband, she wondered what was the matter and quickly aroused herself to assist him in what appeared to be a sudden attack of some sort of illness. He straightened out in bed, gave three gasps and his life passed away before his wife could even get out of bed to light a lamp.

Heart failure is believed to have been the cause of his death.

Shipman, who was 49 years old, was a prominent lumberman of Chicago and with his wife and family had been spending the summer at Long Lake. He seemed to be in good health but had been suffering from a weak heart for many years.

What Every One Knows.
Journalism will not become a profession, because everybody knows how to run a newspaper.—Stout City Journal.

English "Game."
Game, according to English law, includes hares, pheasants, partridges, grouse, black game, ptarmigan and bustard.

Going the Pace.
Going through life at sixty miles an hour lands a man at his destination many years sooner if he travels in an automobile.

FACTS AS THEY REALLY ARE

Resort Keepers Not Responsible for the
Articles Appearing Below

Tourists from Kenosha and other cities who have been lured to make the trip to Grass Lake with a view of looking over a magnificent bed of blooming lotus flowers have been stung and stung right as returning tourists declare that there are not half a dozen of the plants in bloom and the few blossoms that have appeared have been picked and carried away before they were past the budding stage. The publicity in regard to the beauty of the beds was sent out by hotels in the neighborhood. It is a beautiful trip to Grass Lake and the lotus beds but the automobile party making the trip with a view of finding the much sought flower will be disappointed.—Kenosha Telegraph-Courier.

Waukegan people who have driven to the lotus beds at Grass Lake are vexed beyond expression at the report given out by resort keepers that the lotus beds are in full bloom. The fact is there are no flowers this year and the resort men do not tell visitors of this fact until after collecting their fares.—Waukegan Sun.

The foregoing articles, each one appearing in the paper to which it is given credit, are in the nature of a rank injustice to the resort keepers at Grass Lake. Only one part of the articles are in any way true, and that is the portion that states that the lotus beds are this year a failure, but further than that they are without foundation.

As we are in a position to know we herewith make the following positive statement: That to our certain knowledge the resort owners have not this year, solicited any patronage on the strength of the beauty of the lotus beds, this year they did not follow their usual custom of putting out posters calling attention to their respective places. Not one of them have carried an "ad" in regard to the lotus beds in any publication whatever. And in numerous cases they have plainly advised would-be tourists against making the trip. In all cases pleasure seekers have been distinctly told that they would meet disappointment and then if the trip was made it was with a full understanding of the existing conditions.

The above articles are a direct slam at the business of men who are in no way "graffers" and should not be given credence by the reading public as the two editors in question evidently got their information from some disgruntled crank who just had to "kick."

WARRINER IN SMASHUP

Doctor Has Close Call When Cars Collide
With His Automobile

Last Saturday afternoon while crossing the Soo Line track at Camp Lake, Dr. Warriner met with an accident which came close to being another auto fatality. As it was the doctor and the two children, Lola Waters and Francis Adams, whom he was giving a ride, all escaped uninjured, although the machine is pretty badly smashed especially the front portion.

As he came to the crossing his attention was centered upon the engine and cars on the main track, and he was just crossing the switch track when he suddenly saw that two freight cars were being let run down to make a "fly." Seeing that a collision was eminent he started to back off the track and in so doing killed his engine, he then did the next best thing and grabbing the boy who happened to be the nearest to him in the car and he jumped just as the crash came thus escaping injury. The girl who remained in the car was also singularly uninjured.

As soon as they had gathered themselves together a bit, doc. telephoned back to Antioch and J. H. Reading went to the rescue bringing the three back none the worse for their experience, and leaving the car stuck in the sand awaiting some action from the railway company.

Slander.
When the tongue of slander stings thee let this be thy comfort: They are not the worst fruits on which the wasps alight.—Gottfried Burger.

Ready for the Front Row.
Everybody polish up their dome a bit—another musical comedy show is coming to this section.—Alaska Dispatch.

Giants and Pigmys.
It is also a noteworthy fact that both giants and dwarfs are the offspring of parents of normal height.

Good Rule.
I try to make my enemies transient and my friendships eternal.—Cicero.

INSPECT DAIRY FARMS

Hundred Delegates From Sev-
enteen States Inspect
Several Fine Places

MEEKER, INSULL AND OTIS

The Delegation is Astonished at Perfect
Sanitary Conditions, Made Possible
by the Use of Cement

Delegates from several different states representing men who lecture at various farmers' institutes, toured Lake county's dairying district Tuesday as guests of the Universal Portland Cement Company who planned the "conference of farmers' institute and short course workers on permanent and sanitary farm improvements" held in Chicago during the week.

Twenty-five cars were used to carry the hundred guests who camp to Lake Forest in the morning. The machines carried the delegates to the Arthur Meeker farm where they were shown how fine the herd of cattle is cared for, how milk is prepared for the Chicago market under seemingly perfect sanitary conditions, etc. After each man took a good drink of buttermilk the party entered the autos and journeyed to the Smauel Insull farm where Superintendent Efinger showed them the blooded stock which has made Hawthorn farm famous.

From there the crowd headed for Barrington where, in the basement of the Methodist church they were served a fine Chicken dinner by the ladies of the church, following they again entered autos and went to the farm conducted by Spencer Otis, Jr., then to the G. E. VanHagen place, to H. Stillson Harts and then to two of the places owned by Spencer Otis Sr.

At each of the places visited, the delegates asked questions and made notations of measurements, of results attained by following certain methods in dairying work, of the cost of construction, and, in fact, put so many questions to gentlemen farmers whose guests they were, that the farmers had to keep their wits about not to get cornered.

The big feature which naturally interested the farmer lecturers was the predominance of concrete construction in barns, houses, etc. It is a very apparent fact that concrete has made possible the bringing up to the highest possible standard the matter of sanitary handling of milk and cattle. At the farms in question all of whom furnish certified milk to Chicago patrons, the cows are kept in concrete barns enclosed with screens so they are not pestered by flies and their efficiency as milk-producers is thus aided in every particular. Men wash the cows carefully. Unless these and other things are done, the state inspectors will not permit them to handle milk as "certified milk."

Thinks the Word Will Stick.
A magazine writer is credited with the invention of the word "Highbrow." It was coined to express a blend of "snob" and "academic." He first used it when, as a reporter, he had occasion to describe the proceedings of societies who talked about the betterment of the drama. He thinks that the word will be assimilated by the dictionaries.

Didn't Settle.
Fontaine Fox hurried in this morning and returned two cigarettes to us. He neglected, however, to return the match.—Chicago Post.

Scratched.
She—"And that scar, major. Did you get it during an engagement?" He (absently)—"No; the first week of our honeymoon!"

Sins of Omission.
He often acts unjustly who does not do a certain thing; not only he who does a certain thing.—Marcus Antoninus.

Public Ovens in Japan.
In nearly every street in Japanese cities is a public oven, where, for a small fee, housewives may have their dinners and suppers cooked for them.

DIES IN PHILIPPINE ISLAND

Frank White, Formerly of Loon Lake,
Held Educational Position

Lloyd J. White of the undertaking firms of White & Tobin, Waukegan, received a telegram informing him of the death of his cousin, Frank White, aged about 37 years, in the Philippines. According to the telegram which was received from the father of the deceased who lives in Lyons, Neb., death was very sudden. Mr. White, who was born in Lake county, held a very responsible position with the government, being superintendent of the educational work in the Philippines.

The Waukegan relative of the deceased said that while the telegram did not give the cause of death, that he is of the opinion that an illness which Frank White suffered about three months ago, had something to do with it.

At that time Mr. White contracted a disease which seemed to baffle the best physicians in the Philippines and it was decided to send him home to receive treatment. The father received a cablegram to meet a certain boat at San Francisco, in order that he might accompany his son home. This was followed almost immediately by another message which told him his son would not arrive on this boat and to await further advice. Later it seems was decided not to send him home for treatment. Mr. White does not know the exact nature of the disease with which his cousin was stricken.

Frank White was born at Loon Lake and received his early education there. Through dogged perseverance he worked his way through the University of Chicago. In the year 1899 in which he graduated, he received a government position as instructor in the Philippines. His efficiency caused him to rise with steady strides until three years ago when he was placed at the head of the entire educational system in the island possessions of the United States. He had an exceedingly brilliant future.

A little over a year ago on one of his trips back to the United States to select instructors, he met a young woman whom he made his wife. She returned to the Philippines with him.

Although the telegram did not say so it is believed that the body will be brought back to this country for burial at Lyons, Neb.

Mr. White leaves many relatives and friends in Waukegan and Lake county.

CHANGE IN PARCEL RATES

The Weight Limit Increased from Eleven
to Twenty Pounds

On and after August 15, 1913, the limit of weight of parcels of fourth class mail for delivery within the first and second zones will be increased from 11 pounds to 20 pounds. The rate of postage on parcels exceeding four ounces in weight will be five cents for the first pound and one cent for each additional two pounds or fraction thereof when intended for local delivery, and five cents for the first pound and one cent for each additional pound or fraction thereof when intended for delivery at other offices within the first and second zones.

The pound rates of postage in the first and second zones will be as follows:

Weight	First Zone rate	Second Zone rate
1 pound	\$0.05	\$0.05
2 pounds	06	06
3 pounds	06	07
4 pounds	07	08
5 pounds	07	09
6 pounds	08	10
7 pounds	08	11
8 pounds	09	12
9 pounds	09	13
10 pounds	10	14
11 pounds	10	15
12 pounds	11	16
13 pounds	11	17
14 pounds	12	18
15 pounds	12	19
16 pounds	13	20
17 pounds	13	21
18 pounds	14	22
19 pounds	14	23
20 pounds	15	24

The rate for local delivery will apply to all parcels mailed at a post office from which a rural route starts, for delivery on such route, or mailed at any point on such route for delivery at any other point thereon, or at the office from which the route starts, or any other rural route starting therefrom, and on all matter mailed at a city carrier office, or at any point within its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office, or at any office for local delivery.

Fresh meats and other articles mentioned in paragraph 2, Section 34, Parcel Post Regulations, when inclosed and wrapped in the manner prescribed by the last sentence of that paragraph, will be accepted for mailing to offices within the first and second zones.

THAW FLEES ASYLUM

SLAYER OF WHITE KNOCKS DOWN
GUARD AND ESCAPES IN
TAXICAB.

FUGITIVE ON BOARD YACHT

Wife of Maniac Asserts He Boarded
Vessel Near South Norwalk, Conn.
—Prison Plot Is Suspected—Murderer Cannot Be Extradicted.

New York, Aug. 18.—Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, escaped from Matteawan on Sunday. He made his daring dash for liberty in a taxicab.

From Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw the authorities learned that Thaw made his escape on a yacht from Roton Point, near South Norwalk, Conn. She did not reveal the source of information.

Within an hour after his dash for liberty he had crossed the line dividing the states of New York and Connecticut and he is beyond the reach of the New York authorities. It is believed that extradition is impossible and that Thaw's freedom is assured unless he is held for insanity in another state and committed to some asylum there.

Thaw's escape was one of the most dramatic affairs of the kind ever recorded. After knocking down a gateman, who was admitting a milkman to the Matteawan asylum grounds, he leaped into a taxicab standing just outside the wall. This was headed for the Connecticut state line and the moment Thaw entered the chauffeur put on full speed and dashed away. Before a half mile had been covered by the taxicab it overtook a six-cylinder touring car that had been moving slowly, also toward the Connecticut line. The taxicab slackened speed and Thaw leaped out as the smaller machine drew alongside the touring car. The door of the latter was open and Thaw leaped aboard. As the door slammed, the touring car speeded away at a rate at least eighty miles an hour. The machine dashed through Stormville, N. Y., fourteen miles from the asylum, without any diminution of speed and, according to late reports, received by the asylum authorities, crossed the Connecticut line in the vicinity of New Canaan, Conn.

Dr. Raymond Charles Francis Kleb, superintendent of Matteawan, believes that Thaw's escape was the result of a carefully planned and well executed conspiracy. He received information a few hours after Thaw's escape that led him to believe, he said, that the fugitive had been carried to a Connecticut seaport town, where a yacht had been waiting off shore to take him aboard.

The superintendent ordered the arrest of Howard Barnum, the asylum guard who was on duty at the time the wealthy young slayer broke away from the institution, to which he was committed on February 1, 1903. Doctor Kleb was appointed superintendent on June 6 of this year, succeeding Dr. John W. Russell. Doctor Russell was dismissed as the result of an alleged \$20,000 bribery plot for the release of Thaw. John N. Anhalt, a young lawyer, is now serving a prison sentence for his participation in the bribery conspiracy.

Ever since Thaw was sent to Matteawan, more than five years ago, his mother, Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw of Pittsburgh, has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars in attempts to have him freed legally from restraint. As soon as Evelyn Nesbit Thaw heard of her husband's escape she asked for protection. She declared she believed her life in danger and, accordingly, she was given police protection. She is also being guarded by a private detective hired by Arthur Hammerstein.

The theatrical escape of Harry K. Thaw from the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan adds another act to the sensational tragedy that had its beginning in New York city on the night of June 25, 1906. On that occasion, in company with his young wife, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, and two friends, Thaw went to the Madison Square roof garden to witness the opening performance of a musical comedy. Near the close of the performance Thaw left his seat and began to pace back and forth in the aisle behind the seats occupied by Stanford White, an architect of international fame, and his son.

In this setting Thaw drew a revolver and fired three bullets into Stanford White's body. The architect died almost instantly. Thaw was then arrested by a policeman. Thaw at the time of the tragedy was twenty-seven years old and was known as "the young spendthrift millionaire."

Mrs. Pankhurst Flees.

London, Aug. 19.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst left England for France. She had been out on "license" under the "cat and mouse act." It was reported that the police received orders not to arrest her if she left England.

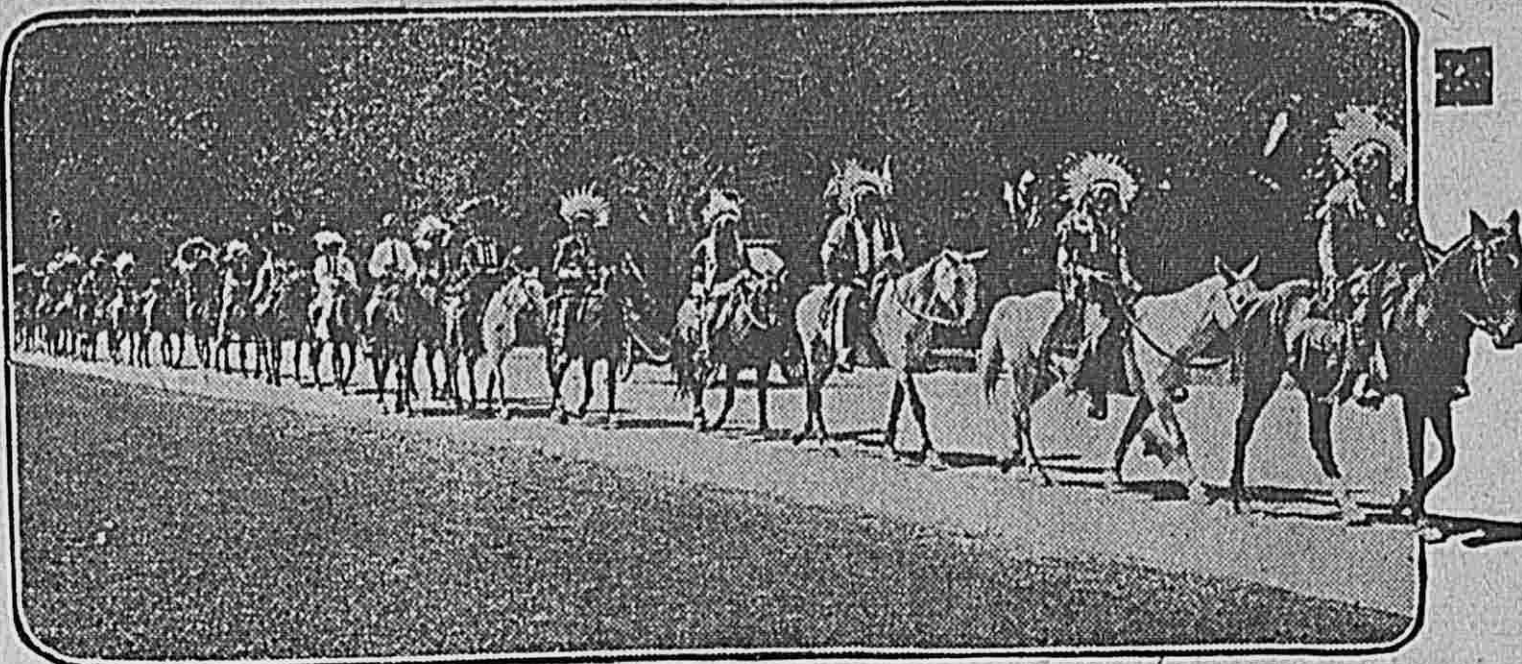
Auto Hit by Train; Five Die.

Carrollton, Mo., Aug. 18.—Five passengers in an automobile were killed and the driver dangerously injured when an Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe passenger train struck the machine at a crossing near here.

Accused of Stealing Current.

New York, Aug. 18.—Frank Pulver and John Elsermann, superintendent and engineer of a building, were arrested on a charge of having stolen \$30,000 worth of electricity from the New York Edison company.

INDIANS ON THEIR WAY TO THE SHAN KIVE



Here is a band of 100 Ute Indians on their way to take part in the Shan Kive, the annual festival of the Pike's Peak region. This year the fete, which takes place the first week in September in the Garden of the Gods, will be marked by the dedication of a monument commemorating the last massacre of whites in that region.

RECEIVES PEACE PLANS

PRESIDENT WILSON'S MESSAGE
IS FINALLY DELIVERED.Mexico's Provisional Head May Be a
Candidate for the Presidency of
the Republic.

Mexico City, Aug. 18.—President Wilson's message to President Huerta is now in the possession of the government, which may be expected to reject it or to return some answer shortly. Foreign Minister Gamboa in the two conferences with John Lind, President Wilson's special representative in Mexico, came to the conclusion with the consent of President Huerta, that the simplest way to an end was to accept the document for President Huerta and his cabinet and study it.

It would appear now that as the message has been in the possession of the government since Thursday night, and no action concerning it has yet been announced, there is a good chance for its acceptance.

President Huerta gave Friday night what was considered to be an intimation that he would be a candidate for election to the presidency in the autumn. When asked as to his intentions, he said it was undesirable for him to make at this time a statement as to the possibility of his candidacy, but that he might announce his intention in a fortnight.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The Huerta government, through conferences between John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative, and Foreign Minister Gamboa, now knows the viewpoint of the United States and its desire for only a peaceful and friendly solution of Mexico's troubles. The formal communication will be transmitted to representatives of foreign powers here Monday.

It is expected in diplomatic circles that President Huerta will formally announce a call for an early election, even setting the date. It is regarded as possible that the constitutionalists would participate in an election conducted by a nonpartisan commission of Mexicans, a plan now under discussion here as an alternative that might be used.

SPARKS FROM
THE WIRE

Newport, R. I., Aug. 15.—"It's all false," was the comment made here by friends of Robert Goelot and his beautiful wife, formerly Elsie Whelan, when they were told of a report that the couple were to be divorced.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 14.—Posses are scouring southeastern Iowa in the hunt for three bandits who, after blowing open the postoffice safe at West Liberty, shot L. W. Swen, mayor of the town.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 16.—The British ambassador at Washington announces that the United States will permit the Forty-third regiment of Ottawa infantry corps of 400 men to visit New Haven, Conn., August 29.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 18.—In an automobile accident here, James Mead, aged eleven, son of John Mead, proprietor of the Erie (Pa.) Times, was killed. Six other persons were injured, one of whom may die.

New York, Aug. 18.—Henry S. Boutell of Chicago, minister to Switzerland, came back on the Amerika. He had perhaps heard of the troubles of Henry Lane Wilson, ambassador to Mexico, caused by overmuch talk, for he handed interviewers his card, upon one side of which was written "Mr. Boutell respectfully declines the pleasure of an interview."

London, Aug. 18.—James R. Bell, the original of Kipling's "Bridge Builder," is dead at his home here.

Hold-Up on "Frisco" Limited.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 19.—A bandit, who boarded a Pullman car of St. Louis and San Francisco passenger train, known as the Meteor, at the Union station here, robbed four of the passengers of \$100.

Baseball Magnate Is Buried.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 19.—William H. Locke, president of the Philadelphia National League Baseball club, who died at Ventnor, N. J., last Thursday, was buried in the South side cemetery.

SULZER IS REBUFFED

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR GLYNN
REFUSES TO TEST CLAIM
IN COURT.

WILL NOT CALL OUT TROOPS

Claimant Demands Abolition, Executive Asks for Suit, and Both Are Denied—May Involve Federal Government.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 18.—William H. Sulzer's plan to invoke the arbitration of the courts on the question whether he or Martin H. Glynn is now the lawful governor of New York was checked on Friday by the lieutenant governor.

Replying to a formal proposal by the impeached executive to submit the issue to adjudication on an agreed statement of facts, Mr. Glynn declared it was beyond his power to "barter away any of the functions attaching to the office in which I am placed by your impeachment."

"Any attempt on my part to do so," he said, "or to stipulate a method by which it might be done, would properly place me in the position you now occupy—that of being impeached for malfeasance in office."

Mr. Glynn declared further that he proposed to perform every function of the office of governor "except in so far as I am restrained by your illegal action or by physical force."

The announcement of the lieutenant governor's policy came late at night and followed negotiations between the respective counsel of the two men in the afternoon, which it was then supposed had resulted in a virtual agreement to take the case to the court of appeals.

The letter was delivered to Mr. Sulzer at the executive mansion.

Subsequently a horde of irate Murphy followers suggested, through their spokesman, that Mr. Glynn turn out a regiment of the National Guard, which is ready to obey his commands, and forcibly wrest the scepter of government from Mr. Sulzer.

Again Mr. Glynn shook his head. It is the purpose of Mr. Sulzer's counsel, who contend that indictments for high treason against Tammany Boss Murphy and his lieutenants will be asked for, to maintain before the court of impeachment that Tammany Hall coercion brought about the impeachment of Mr. Sulzer.

The serious condition of Mrs. Sulzer necessitated the recall of Dr. Robert Abrahams from New York. No official bulletin was forthcoming from the executive mansion concerning Mrs. Sulzer, but an afternoon bulletin, dictated by Dr. Abrahams after he had learned of the patient's condition over the telephone, stated that she was "still in a precarious condition," with a temperature of 102 and pulse 118.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The federal government soon may be confronted with the problem of determining whom it will recognize as governor of New York.

Under the Dick law, by which the National Guard enjoys government aid, requisitions for arms, ammunition, supplies and transportation must be approved by the governor.

MAY LOSE THE CONCLAVE

Los Angeles Is Opposed by Grand
Master for Next Triennial En-
campment City.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 16.—Opposition to Los Angeles as the thirty-third triennial convocation city has developed since the choice was made at the grand encampment meeting and it is reported in Knight Templar circles that Grand Master Arthur MacArthur will withhold his sanction on the choice of the city.

To Ask World Parade.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 19.—An invitation to navies of the world to meet at Hampton roads in 1915, and pass through the Panama canal accompanied by a fleet from the U. S. navy, will be issued by Wilson.

Noted Sportsman Is Dead.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—H. A. ("Bud") Ranaud, aged sixty, formerly connected with the fair grounds race track and well known in sporting circles for many years, died here of cirrhosis of the liver.

RAPs AT M'DERMOTT

WITNESS SAYS HE GOT \$7,500 FOR
SHAPING BILL.Former Chief Page of House Testifies
Before the Lobby Inquiry
Committee.

Washington, Aug. 18.—A story of bribery, petty and large, of conferences with lobbyists and of campaign funds raised by manufacturers, involving Representative James T. McDermott of Chicago, was told by I. H. McMichael, former chief page of the house, before the house lobby investigating committee Friday.

McMichael said that Chicago members of the National Association of Manufacturers raised \$1,250 as a campaign fund for McDermott, told of numerous transactions between Martin M. Mulhall and the stockyards congressman. He swore that McDermott told him that he received \$7,500 for his efforts to have the loan shark bill in the District of Columbia amended so that it would not injure pawnbrokers, and told of numerous conferences between the congressman and the lobbyist.

At one of these conferences, at which he was present, McMichael said that McDermott told Mulhall he would need \$6,000 for his campaign expenses, and that Mulhall said he would try to get it for him. Shortly after that, he said, Mulhall brought to McDermott's office a list of the Chicago members of the National Association of Manufacturers and McDermott marked who were in his district. McMichael, in the capacity of McDermott's confidential secretary, then returned the list to Mulhall and later gave Mulhall \$75 to go to Chicago at the request of McDermott, who said he "was broke."

This was during the 1912 campaign. After he had been elected McDermott told McMichael that Mulhall had not raised a cent for him and had left him a \$300 hotel bill to pay.

PRESIDENT GIVES HIS VIEWS

Wilson Gives His Ideas on Rural Credits
in Statement From White
House.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The following statement was issued at the White House embodying the views of President Wilson on rural credits:

"Again and again during the discussion of the currency bill it has been urged that special provision should be made in it for the facilitating of such credits of the farmers of the country who stand in need of agricultural credits as distinguished from ordinary commercial and industrial credits. Such proposals were not adopted because such credits could only be imperfectly provided for in such a measure. The scope and character of the bill, its immediate and chief purpose could not be made to reach as far as the special interests of the farmer require."

DECLARES RAYS CURE CANCER

Tasmania Doctor Tells of Success in
Treatment of Disease in Hos-
pital There.

Hobart, Tasmania, Aug. 14.—Dr. Roberts, senior surgeon of the general hospital here, claims to have attained remarkable success in the cure of cancer by Roentgen secondary rays filtered through silver, copper or tin plates. He declares he has treated 40 cases of cancer in this way without a recurrence of the disease.

Catholic Meet Ends.

Milwaukee, Aug. 15.—At the closing session of the Catholic Federated Societies Charles I. Denechaud of New Orleans was re-elected president and Anthony Maire of St. Louis, secretary. Baltimore gets the next convention.

Farmers Thresh at Night.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 19.—Moonlight threshing is now the rule on farms about La Crosse, both on the Wisconsin and Minnesota sides of the river. Crews were unable to work in the daytime on account of heat.

Bryan Defends His Acts.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 19.—In the first issue of his Commoner W. J. Bryan has an extended editorial in which he justifies in his own mind his return to the chautauqua platform while acting as a member of the cabinet.

BREAKS WITH U. S.

HUERTA GIVES ACTING AMERI-
CAN AMBASSADOR HIS PASS-
PORTS HOME.

SITUATION NOW CRITICAL

Takes Drastic Action Following Wash-
ington's Ultimatum—Demanded
Recognition by Mid-
night Monday.

Washington, Aug. 20.—Nelson O'Shaughnessy, acting American ambassador at Mexico City, was given his passports sharply at midnight on Tuesday by the Mexican government.

He has sent no official confirmation of the action and ultimatum of Huerta, but from confidential sources in Mexico City the administration learned at one o'clock in the morning of the Huerta demand for recognition and his severance of diplomatic relations with the United States.

Mexico City, Aug. 20.—The United States government was given until midnight Monday by President Huerta to recognize Mexico, it is officially stated.

The government is not specific in the public announcement as to what course then will be pursued, but it is understood that it means the severing of the relations between the two countries.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Mexican situation took a critical turn on Monday and the Wilson administration is facing the most serious complication that has yet arisen in this affair.

President Huerta of Mexico has rebuffed the administration's suggestion, transmitted through "Embassy Adviser" John Lind. He has served notice on this government that he will not listen to any suggestions of mediation, either from the United States or any other foreign government and that he will not permit interference in any way in the internal affairs of the disrupted republic of Mexico.

How much of a diplomatic disaster the Huerta reply indicates for the United States depends upon the terms in which it is couched. No one here will vouchsafe enough of its language to disclose whether or not there is left on opportunity through which Mr. Lind may renew negotiations. President Wilson, it is known, will go to almost any length to avoid actual intervention.

The next step is up to us, but no one here will say whether we will back down gracefully or whether we will assume a firmer attitude toward President Huerta.

The blow came as a particularly heavy one, because until Monday Mr. Lind had led the administration to believe that events at Mexico City were promising of a speedy and peaceful solution of the problem. Not until morning did the dispatches indicate that President Huerta's courtesy to Mr. Lind was but a bit of Castilian etiquette and that the gloved hand held a club.

President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan spent an hour and a half in secret conference over the situation at the White House and John Bassett Moore, counselor of the state department and the only authority on international law in the administration, was called in. This fact alone indicated serious trouble, for so far Mr. Moore has been carefully kept out of the inner councils except when peril was imminent.

None of those concerned would say a word about the situation. Secretary Bryan insisted that the president was the only one to speak, and the latter declined to talk.

32 DIE WHEN SHIP HITS ROCK

Steamer State of California Goes
Down in Gambler Bay,
Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 20.—Thirty-two passengers and seven seamen were lost when the steamer State of California of the Pacific Coast Steamship company's fleet, struck an uncharted rock and was wrecked, in Gambler bay, Alaska, on Sunday.

The steamer sunk within three minutes after striking and many passengers were drowned before they could get out of their staterooms.

Dispatches from Juneau say that it is impossible to give the correct list of the missing, as the pursuer saved no records.

News of the wreck and the heavy loss of life did not reach Juneau until the steamship Jefferson arrived with some of the passengers and crew who had been rescued from the icy waters.

"Tama" Jim Wilson Is 78.

New York, Aug. 20.—Former Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson of Iowa celebrated his seventy-eighth birthday on the Anchor liner Cameronia. A big cake was presented him by Col. Andrew McLean of Brooklyn.

Wait for Jap to Start Suit.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The United States will facilitate a court test of the California anti-alien land law, but the initiative must come from some aggrieved Japanese representative, President Wilson let it be known.

Men Fight Duel Over Seat.

London, Ky., Aug. 20.—While cowboys were fighting Indians in a "wild west show," Sam Hodge and S. W. Hopkins engaged in a quarrel over a seat, and a real shooting followed. Hodge cannot recover.

FOR SICK HEADACHE
SOUR STOMACH, DYSPEPSIA,
POOR APPETITE, CONSTIPATION,
LIVER COMPLAINT, BILIOUSNESS

ROMAN EYE BALSAM

FOR SCALDING SENSATION
IN EYES AND ALL FORMS OF IN-
FLAMMATION OF EYES OR EYELIDSDon't Cut Out
A SHOE BOIL, CAPPED
HOCK OR BURSTIS

will remove them and leave no blemishes. Reduces any puff or swelling. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 K free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for man, horse, dog, cat, etc. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle at drug stores or delivered. Will tell more if you write. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Stout Figures

Reduced One to Five Inches
Without Discomfort
by Wearing

W.B. Elastine-Reduso Corsets \$3.00

DO YOU KNOW A SNAP WHEN YOU SEE
IT? TWO SECTIONS FOR EIGHTEEN
dollars per acre. THREE sections for FIFTY-
dollars per acre. FOUR sections for TWENTY-
NINE sections for FIFTY-
NORTH DAKOTA. ONE-FOURTH CASH.
BALANCE TO SUIT at six per cent. If one-
fourth of this land is cultivated WILL PAY
FOR ITSELF in a few years. NEW SALT
INVESTMENT CO., NEW SALEM, N. DAK.

LET US RAISE HOGS FOR YOU

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SOUTH TEXAS HOG FARM, Wharton, Tex.

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ington, D.C. books free. High-
est references. Best results.For Local Information, names, etc. No canvassing.
National Information Sales Company, 837, Broadway, N.Y.BARGAIN Iowa corn land. 20, 50, 100 acre town-
ships improved. 20, 50, 100 acre choice land.
G. W. MILLER, owner, Manchester, IowaArgentina is calling for supplies of
mules.Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children
teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation,
allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Royal Metamorphosis.

"The King, changing into a four-
handed carriage, drove through the
cattle section."A characteristic example of kingly
tact.—Punch.

Up Against It.

"That woodpecker may be persis-
tent, but I think he's beaten this time."
"What's he trying to do?"
"Drill a hole into an iron trolley
pole."

He Had Observed.

The teacher was giving a test on the
value of foreign money in America.
When it was little Harry's turn, she
asked:"Harry, how much is a guinea worth
in this country?"
Harry smiled and answered: "A dol-
lar and a half a day."—Everybody's
Magazine.

Desperate Remedy.

From the roof of a building the
stranger looked down upon a park
whose spare grass, scraggy shrubbery
and stunted trees were almost tram-
pled out of sight by a human mob that
surged round a speaker's platform in
the middle of the park."What's up?" said the stranger. "A
sufragist riot?""Worse than that," said the guide.
"The park grass has been in a bad
way for several months, and a local
politician has called a mass meeting of
the citizens to discuss plans for sav-
ing it."Post
Toasties
for LunchAppetizing and whole-
some these hot Summer
days.No cooking — no hot
kitchen.Ready to eat direct from
the package — fresh, crisp
and dainty.Serve with cream and
sugar — and sometimes
fresh berries or fruit.Post Toasties are thin
bits of Indian Corn, toasted
to a golden brown.

Acceptable at any meal—

Post Toasties

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

WILLIAM SULZER IS IMPEACHED

Governor of New York Accused
of Larceny and Perjury.

SUMMARY OF THE CHARGES

Diversion of Campaign Contributions
for Stock Speculation Is Alleged—
Story of the Executive's Fight
With Tammany.

Albany, N. Y.—William Sulzer, governor of New York, has been impeached by the lower house of the state legislature, and will be tried by the senate and the circuit court of appeals, sitting together as a court of impeachment. The article of impeachment, which was adopted by a vote of 79 to 45, charges the governor with perjury and larceny of campaign funds and with other slightly less serious offenses.

An important part of the charge is that Mr. Sulzer diverted campaign contributions to his private use and invested them in stocks. Just before the impeachment Mrs. Sulzer made a statement to the effect that she had taken part of the campaign money and bought stocks with it in Wall street. She will probably take the witness stand at the trial to tell this story.

Charges Against Sulzer

Stripped of their legal verbiage, the articles of impeachment against Governor Sulzer are as follows:

1.—That Governor Sulzer, in filing his statement of campaign expenses, set forth that his entire receipts were \$5,460 and his expenditures \$7,724; that this statement "was false and was intended by him to be false;" that his list of receipts failed to include 11 specific contributions, ranging in amount from \$100 to \$2,500.

2.—That Governor Sulzer attached to his statement of campaign expenses an affidavit declaring that the statement was "a full and detailed statement of all moneys received or contributed or expended by him directly or indirectly." That this affidavit "was



Governor Sulzer.

false and was corruptly made by him," and that he was "guilty of willful and corrupt perjury."

3.—That Governor Sulzer "was guilty of mal and corrupt conduct in his office as governor and was guilty of bribing witnesses." The specific charge is that while the Frawley committee was investigating the governor's campaign accounts he "fraudulently induced" three witnesses (his campaign manager, a personal friend, and a stock broker) "to withhold their testimony from said committee."

4.—That the governor was guilty of "suppressing evidence" in violation of the state penal law. The specific charge is that he "practiced deceit and fraud and used threats and menaces with intent to prevent the Frawley committee from procuring the attendance and testimony of certain witnesses."

5.—That the governor was guilty of "preventing and dissuading a witness from attending under a subpoena" the sessions of the Frawley committee. The witness referred to is Frederick L. Colwell, alleged to have acted as Sulzer's agent in certain stock transactions.

6.—That prior to his election the governor appropriated campaign contributions to his own use, "and used the same, or a large part thereof, in speculating in stocks . . . and thereby stole such checks and was guilty of larceny."

7.—That Governor Sulzer promised and threatened to use the authority and influence of his office for the purpose of affecting the vote or political action of certain public officers, including two assemblymen.

8.—That he "corruptly used his authority as governor to affect the prices of securities on the New York stock exchange, in some of which he was speculating."

How It All Started.

When Governor Sulzer, the "people's governor" and the "poor man's friend," refused to do the bidding of Boss Murphy of Tammany Hall, the most remarkable political drama New York state had ever seen was begun. From that very moment Tammany Hall carried out a steady and consistent program of warfare against Sulzer and all things Sulzer. The governor, regarded in kind, as well as he could, a Tammany-led legislature made an investigation of Sulzer's conduct with an

investigation of some Tammany-controlled state department.

What was it all about? Direct primaries, mainly. Also about appointments. Boss Murphy sought to have certain organization men appointed to office. Sulzer declined to appoint them, although he had been something of an organization man himself for a great many years, and immediately after his election to the governorship had been intimate with Murphy, so intimate that Mr. and Mrs. Murphy were welcome at the "People's House," as Governor Sulzer asserted himself in an interview.

Sulzer may have told the truth when he said his life was in danger. He declared, after his break with Tammany Hall, that he had employed guards to protect him against possible assassination. Attack after attack, mostly traceable to political enemies, was made on Sulzer. He was accused of perjury, the alleged offense having been committed, according to his accuser, in 1890. That accusation didn't seem to have much effect in the way of ruining Sulzer, so suit was filed in Philadelphia by a young woman of the name of Mignon (Polly) Hopkins, charging Sulzer with breach of promise. This action, Sulzer said also, was a move on the part of his political enemies. Miss Hopkins asked \$30,000 damages for her wounded heart. Sulzer admitted having known Miss Hopkins some years ago, but denied that he had ever proposed marriage to her.

Row Over Direct Primaries.

When Sulzer promised real direct primaries to the people of New York, he evidently meant what he said. When he went into office he made it his business to start legislation for direct primaries on its way. He discovered, however, that he and his political associates had very different ideas of the kind of direct primaries New York wanted. A bill was introduced at the instigation of Sulzer, but before it was voted upon another direct primary bill, which Sulzer characterized as a "fraud upon the people," was introduced in both branches of the legislature and passed. Governor Sulzer vetoed it, and then called upon the legislators to pass his bill. The assembly and then the senate killed the Sulzer bill, amid scenes such as the senate and assembly chambers had never before seen. There were shouts of rage and shakings of fists in the direction of the capitol. There were cheers and shouts when it was announced that the bills had been killed.

Sulzer then started a campaign to obtain direct primaries. He enlisted many well known men in his cause, and called the legislature in extraordinary session. It had then become a case of open warfare.

His Campaign Fund Investigated.

The governor instigated investigations of several state departments, and then Tammany retaliated in kind with an investigation of Sulzer's campaign fund by a legislative committee. Senator Frawley, a Tammany chief, was the chairman of the committee and it commenced its sittings in Albany. It was intimated that Sulzer had received checks for his campaign fund which he had not listed in his sworn statement, a misdemeanor under the laws of New York state. Two checks were introduced into the evidence. One was for \$2,500 from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the bankers, and endorsed "Mr. Schiff's contribution to the Sulzer campaign." The other check was for \$500 and was signed by Abram I. Elkus, a prominent New York city lawyer. It was alleged by the Frawley committee that neither of these checks appeared in Sulzer's campaign list.

At a later session of the Frawley committee, held in New York, it developed that Sulzer had owed the stock brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller \$48,599.38 on January 1, 1912, when Sulzer was in congress. According to testimony and evidence offered, Sulzer had been a steady loser in the stock market. The brokers to whom he owed money dunned him for payment, according to the testimony, and Sulzer was finally rescued by his business partner, ex-Governor A. E. Spriggs, of Montana, who paid \$5,000, and Louis N. Josephthal of New York, who, on July 19 last, paid \$26,749.21.

It also developed before the committee that Sulzer had traded with Boyer, Griswold & Co. Charles H. Reynolds, formerly cashier for the firm, testified that on October 16 last, Frederick L. Colwell, whom he understood to be an agent for Sulzer, had bought 200 shares of Big Four for \$12,025. The stock was paid for the same day with eight checks and \$7,125 in cash. One check given in payment for the stock was a campaign contribution. The Frawley committee alleged that the seven other checks were also campaign contributions, and asserted that this would be proved.

Other Governors Impeached.

Seven other governors in the United States have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were:

Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Harrison Reed, Florida, 1868, charges dropped.

William W. Holden, North Carolina, 1870, removed.

Powell Clayton, Arkansas, 1871, charges dropped.

David Butler, Nebraska, 1871, removed.

Henry C. Warmoth, Louisiana, 1872, term expired and proceedings dropped.

Adelbert Ames, Mississippi, 1876, resigned.

How Much Better Today.

If it is good to use attention tomorrow, how much better is it to do so today. If tomorrow it is in your interest to attend, how much more is it today, that you may be able to do so tomorrow, and may not defer it again today.—Epictetus.

TELLING ABOUT \$75,000 JEWEL THEFT



Mrs. Charles C. Rumsey (left) is here seen telling her mother, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, how she was robbed of jewels valued at \$75,000 at Narragansett Pier. Other society folk also have suffered heavy losses at the hands of clever burglars in that fashionable summer resort of late.

TWO SUITS A WEEK

Fine Clothes Help Spanish King
to Keep Throne.

Monarch Believed to Spend More
Money on Wardrobe Than Any
Ruler Except Czar of Russia—
Wears Startling Vests.

London.—The king of Spain is the most elaborately attired monarch in Europe.

It is doubtful if the youthful monarch has ever been seen more than half a dozen times in the same suit, and it is certain that there are many suits in which he has been seen but once or twice.

When he takes a fancy to a particular tweed or cloth he will often order a dozen suits from it straightway and wear each but two or three times. If he tires of the material before he has worn the whole dozen he will have the lot put out of the royal wardrobe. It would be difficult to say how many suits of clothes the king of Spain orders in the year.

The number greatly varies. Sometimes King Alfonso will order as many as a couple of dozen suits at a time, while at other times he will give his tailor, or rather one of them, for he patronizes several, an order for but one or two suits.

The king of Spain keeps from 100 to 150 suits in the royal wardrobes and buys on an average of 100 suits a year.

His majesty's bill to his tailor alone averages \$5,000 a year, of which sum



King Alfonso of Spain.

London tailors get a good share. There is one London tailor who, when the king of Spain was the guest of the duke of Westminster at Eton hall some little while ago, took an order from the Spanish monarch for 40 suits.

The tailor was asked by wire to go to the duke's residence, and returned to London with the largest single order he ever received in his pocket.

There is no monarch who is so punctilious about being dressed in the extreme of fashion as his Spanish majesty. Any suit the cut of which has become in the least out of date is at once put out of the royal wardrobe, though it may only have been worn by the king once, or possibly not worn at all. The king of Spain has not any particular fancy for any material (except perhaps a striped flannel for summer wear) so far as the pattern goes. He appears equally often in light and dark clothes of different materials, but he never wears a heavy material of any sort.

His majesty has a particular liking for fancy waistcoats. He buys dozens of them and pays from \$15 to \$25 apiece for them. In waistcoats alone he spends at least \$1,000 a year.

When he goes to the English court in 1901

cess Ena he had in his wardrobe some waistcoats of rather more remarkable pattern than was possible even for a monarch to wear, in England at all events, without being thought to violate good taste.

Clearly a hint had to be given to the young monarch on the matter, and his royal host, the late King Edward, with characteristic tact, thought of the best way of doing this without offending the royal guest. The Princess Ena was instructed to say something on the subject to King Alfonso, and thereafter his majesty was never seen in a fancy waistcoat except of the most correct pattern according to English notions.

The king of Spain, like all very well dressed men, is extremely particular about having ties that harmonize correctly with his clothes. He purchases about 100 ties in the year, which cost him from \$5 to \$10 each, and buys most of them in Paris.

On shirts the Spanish monarch spends about the same as he does on ties.

His polo shirts cost him \$15 apiece and are made of the finest silk, and he puts a dozen of them out of the royal wardrobe every season.

King Alfonso changes his collar and shirt three times a day, and rarely wears a shirt that has been laundered more than three or four times.

Suicide Is An Exception

Gradual Increase in Breaking of Law
Among Younger Males Also Shown
by Statistics.

New York.—That married men are better than single ones is the most remarkable feature of a report of an investigation made by the district attorney's office which has just been made public. Out of the 2,857 men convicted last year only 784 were married, as compared to 2,068 who were unmarried. The one startling exception is in the case of suicide, the report showing that among men who attempt to take their own lives the married outnumber the single three to one.

A comparison for the last nine years gives 7,670 convictions of married men for all sorts of crimes and 18,406 convictions of unmarried men. The report indicates that there is a gradual increase in crime among young men, the male criminals under the age of thirty years having increased in number from 1,700 in 1904 to 2,200 in 1912. During the last year many offenders were between the years of fifteen and twenty.

Assault charges now show 40 under twenty years and 64 from twenty to thirty years; third-degree burglary, 213 for the younger period and 205 for the older; grand larceny in the second degree, 184 criminals under twenty years, and 258 from twenty to thirty; petit larceny, 187 under twenty and 144 from twenty to thirty years; unlawful entry, 34 under twenty years and 22 from twenty to thirty years. The total shows 940 under twenty convicted last year, and 1,278 from twenty to thirty. Only 404 offenders from thirty to forty years were convicted.

The statistics for women prisoners show that two-thirds of the women brought to court were under thirty years.

No More State Bread.

Paris.—A Dutch invention will shortly be put into practice here which, it is said, will be as great a boon to bakers as it will to housekeepers. It is the application of cold storage to freshly baked bread, so that there need be no more night work for the bakers. The process is very complicated and, ac-

LIFE IS RESTORED

Electrical Device Used in Effort
to Save Hero.

Man's Heart Beats For Two Hours,
After Being Pronounced Dead
From Drowning, by Use of
Instrument.

New York.—For two hours after he had been declared dead from drowning the young wife and other relatives of Edgar Manjo watched spellbound around him at Babylon, L. I., as Dr. D. W. Wynkoop slowly brought him back to life, forcing his heart to beat with an electrical device. For long it was believed the young man would be saved, but suddenly respiration ceased and could not again be restored.

Manjo, who was only twenty, was a son of Lewis Manjo, a retired export broker, well known on Wall street, and son-in-law of Commodore Searle of the Babylon Yacht club. With his wife he was spending the holiday at her parents' home and went bathing with his little niece, Susan Searle.

A few minutes after they had started the child burst, sobbing, into the Searle house, crying "Uncle is drowned!" When she grew calm enough to tell her story it was evident that Manjo gave his life to save hers.

The two had waded out into the river hand-in-hand. Apparently they had stepped unexpectedly into a deep hole or off a ledge of ground. Manjo, realizing that he could not swim, had with a last desperate effort thrown his niece back into the shallow, safe water as he himself went under.

Dr. Wynkoop, a local physician, was summoned. He got two short lengths of wire and placed one at the base of Manjo's tongue and the other against his diaphragm and connected the free ends with an electrode. Manjo had been pronounced dead more than two hours when Dr. Wynkoop began his treatment.

An hour after the electrical machine was set in operation the awed spectators started back in astonishment. There were signs of returning life. First came a scarcely perceptible movement of the heart. Then slowly that organ resumed its functions and respiration was restored.

For two hours the heart beat regularly and respiration continued. The young wife hung over her husband praying that he might be restored to her and waiting for the return of consciousness. But consciousness did not return and suddenly both respiration and heart stopped and could not be re-started.

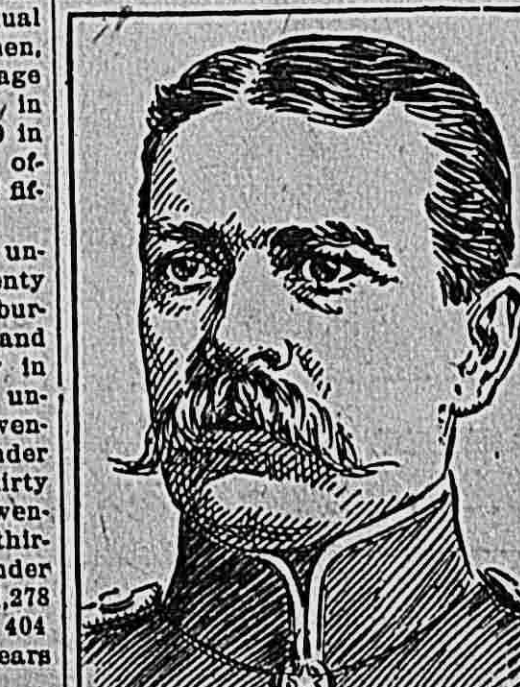
Dr. Wynkoop said he was greatly grieved his efforts had failed. It was the first time, he said, his treatment had been applied to a human being. He had been experimenting with animals some time and had revived many after death, as ordinarily understood, and taken place. He believed that had it been possible for him to begin earlier he would have saved Manjo's life. He explained that he turned the current on twenty times to the minute.

But the method of operation is simple enough. The baker's oven is to be supplemented with a refrigerating chamber containing just as many degrees of cold as there are degrees of heat in the open. The baker after baking his bread places it in the ice chamber and keeps it at a temperature of a degree or two below zero.

KITCHENER SNUBS THE KING

Famous English Soldier Ignores Ruler
While Going Home for His
Vacation.

London.—Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, British agent in Egypt, is home for a vacation to which his wonderful work during the last three years in



Lord Kitchener.

Cairo amply entitle him. But the method of his home-coming is causing much comment.

His way of ignoring his official superiors in the imperial government and even the king is without precedent and would not be tolerated in anybody else. He has now been at his home in Broome Hall, Kent, ten days, yet has never condescended even to notify the foreign secretary of his return, much less to call upon him, as is the custom.

Impossible.

Started he looked about him. "My legs are comfortable," he muttered. "My knees aren't cramped. I can get the kinks out of my calves and even lean back a little. My line of sight is unobstructed. Why, not only can I see everything, I can also hear everything! I can retire to the foyer without disturbing 15 people, or even one, but—I'm so comfortable sitting here that I'd rather stay just where I am. These lights—the music—the scenery—all look real, yes, they strongly suggest reality—but it's impossible. Whoever heard of a comfortable theater? I must be dreaming."

And, doggone it, that's just what he was doing—Masses.

ECZEMA SPREAD OVER BODY

Roxbury, Ohio.—"When my little boy was two weeks old he began breaking out on his cheeks. The eczema began first with pimples and they seemed to itch so badly he would scratch his face and cause a matter to run. Wherever that matter would touch it would cause another pimple until it spread all over his body. It caused disfigurement while it lasted. He had fifteen places on one arm and his head had several. The deepest places on his cheeks were as large as a silver dollar on each side. He was so restless at night we had to put mittens on him to keep him from scratching them with his finger nails. If he got a little too warm at night it seemed to hurt badly."

"We tried a treatment and he didn't get any better. He had the eczema about three weeks when we began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I bathed him at night with the Cuticura Soap and spread the Cuticura Ointment on and the eczema left." (Signed) Mrs. John White, Mar. 19, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Plea for More Hygienic Gravy.

"Stray Shots," the weekly paper issued by the inmates of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, offers this mild suggestion to the cook: "If the gentleman intrusted with the task of making brown gravy to accompany the T-bone steaks served at this great culinary center, will take the trouble to read a few lines in any old cook book he will discover that it is impossible to use hot water and produce lumpless gravy. If he has any spark of sympathy in his soul he will realize that uncooked flour is the bosom friend of indigestion. A little regard for the great regiment that feasts here should furnish comfort in the consciousness of duty well performed."

Want Changeable Dresses!

At the recent International Congress of Applied Chemistry in London one of the most celebrated lecturers, Giacomo Ciamician, predicted that women of the future will not be contented with a dress which remains constantly of one color, but will demand colors that change in harmony with their surroundings.

Thus the color of the apparel may be changed without changing the dress. Passing from darkness to light the color would brighten, thus conforming automatically to the environment—the last word in fashion for the future.

This prediction will come true as soon as chemists learn to understand better what are called "phototropic colors," or colors that change with the intensity of the light upon them. In men's wear this might mean that the light-colored suit of the bright summer day would be transformed into a dark suit at night.

Mosquitoes seem to be troubled with chronic insomnia.

AN OLD NURSE Persuaded Doctor to Drink Postum.

An old faithful nurse and an experienced doctor, are a pretty strong combination in favor of Postum, instead of tea and coffee.

The doctor said:

"I began to drink Postum five years ago on the advice of an old nurse."

"During an unusually busy winter, between coffee, tea and overwork, I became a victim of insomnia. In a month after beginning Postum, in place of tea and coffee, I could eat anything and sleep as soundly as a baby."

"In three months I had gained twenty pounds in weight. I now use Postum altogether instead of tea and coffee; even at bedtime with a soda cracker or some other tasty biscuit."

"Having a little tendency to Diabetes, I used a small quantity of saccharine instead of sugar, to sweeten with. I may add that today tea or coffee are never present in our house and very many patients, on my advice, have adopted Postum as their regular beverage."

"In conclusion I can assure anyone that, as a refreshing, nourishing and nerve-strengthening beverage, there is nothing equal to Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms. Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know what amount pleases you. You may have it served that way in "There's a Reason" for it. Write for North American.

THAW FLEES ASYLUM

SLAYER OF WHITE KNOCKS DOWN
GUARD AND ESCAPES IN
TAXICAB.

FUGITIVE ON BOARD YACHT

Wife of Maniac Asserts He Boarded
Vessel Near South Norwalk, Conn.
—Prison Plot Is Suspected—Mur-
derer Cannot Be Extradicted.

New York, Aug. 18.—Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, escaped from Matteawan on Sunday. He made his daring dash for liberty in a taxicab.

From Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw the authorities learned that Thaw made his escape on a yacht from Roton Point, near South Norwalk, Conn. She did not reveal the source of information.

Within an hour after his dash for liberty he had crossed the line dividing the states of New York and Connecticut and he is beyond the reach of the New York authorities. It is believed that extradition is impossible and that Thaw's freedom is assured unless he is held for insanity in another state and committed to some asylum there.

Thaw's escape was one of the most dramatic affairs of the kind ever recorded. After knocking down a gateman, who was admitting a milkman to the Matteawan asylum grounds, he leaped into a taxicab standing just outside the wall. This was headed for the Connecticut state line and the moment Thaw entered the chauffeur put on full speed and dashed away. Before a half mile had been covered by the taxicab it overtook a six-cylinder touring car that had been moving slowly, also toward the Connecticut line. The taxicab slackened speed and Thaw leaped out as the smaller machine drew alongside the touring car. The door of the latter was open and Thaw leaped aboard. As the door slammed, the touring car sped away at a rate at least eighty miles an hour. The machine dashed through Stormville, N. Y., fourteen miles from the asylum, without any diminution of speed and, according to late reports, received by the asylum authorities, crossed the Connecticut line in the vicinity of New Canaan, Conn.

Dr. Raymond Charles Francis Kleb, superintendent of Matteawan, believes that Thaw's escape was the result of a carefully planned and well executed conspiracy. He received information a few hours after Thaw's escape that led him to believe, he said, that the fugitive had been carried to a Connecticut seaport town, where a yacht had been waiting off shore to take him aboard.

The superintendent ordered the arrest of Howard Barnum, the asylum guard who was on duty at the time the wealthy young slayer broke away from the institution, to which he was committed on February 1, 1908. Doctor Kleb was appointed superintendent on June 6 of this year, succeeding Dr. John W. Russell. Doctor Russell was dismissed as the result of an alleged \$20,000 bribery plot for the release of Thaw. John N. Anhalt, a young lawyer, is now serving a prison sentence for his participation in the bribery conspiracy.

Ever since Thaw was sent to Matteawan, more than five years ago, his mother, Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw of Pittsburgh, has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars in attempts to have him freed legally from restraint. As soon as Evelyn Nesbit Thaw heard of her husband's escape she asked for protection. She declared she believed her life in danger and, accordingly, she was given police protection. She is also being guarded by a private detective hired by Arthur Hammerstein.

The theatrical escape of Harry K. Thaw from the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan adds another act to the sensational tragedy that had its beginning in New York city on the night of June 25, 1906. On that occasion, in company with his young wife, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, and two friends, Thaw went to the Madison Square roof garden to witness the opening performance of a musical comedy. Near the close of the performance Thaw left his seat and began to pace back and forth in the aisle behind the seats occupied by Stanford White, an architect of international fame, and his son.

In this setting Thaw drew a revolver and fired three bullets into Stanford White's body. The architect died almost instantly. Thaw was then arrested by a policeman. Thaw at the time of the tragedy was twenty-seven years old and was known as "the young spendthrift millionaire."

Mrs. Pankhurst Flees.

London, Aug. 19.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst left England for France. She had been out on "license" under the "cat and mouse act." It was reported that the police received orders not to arrest her if she left England.

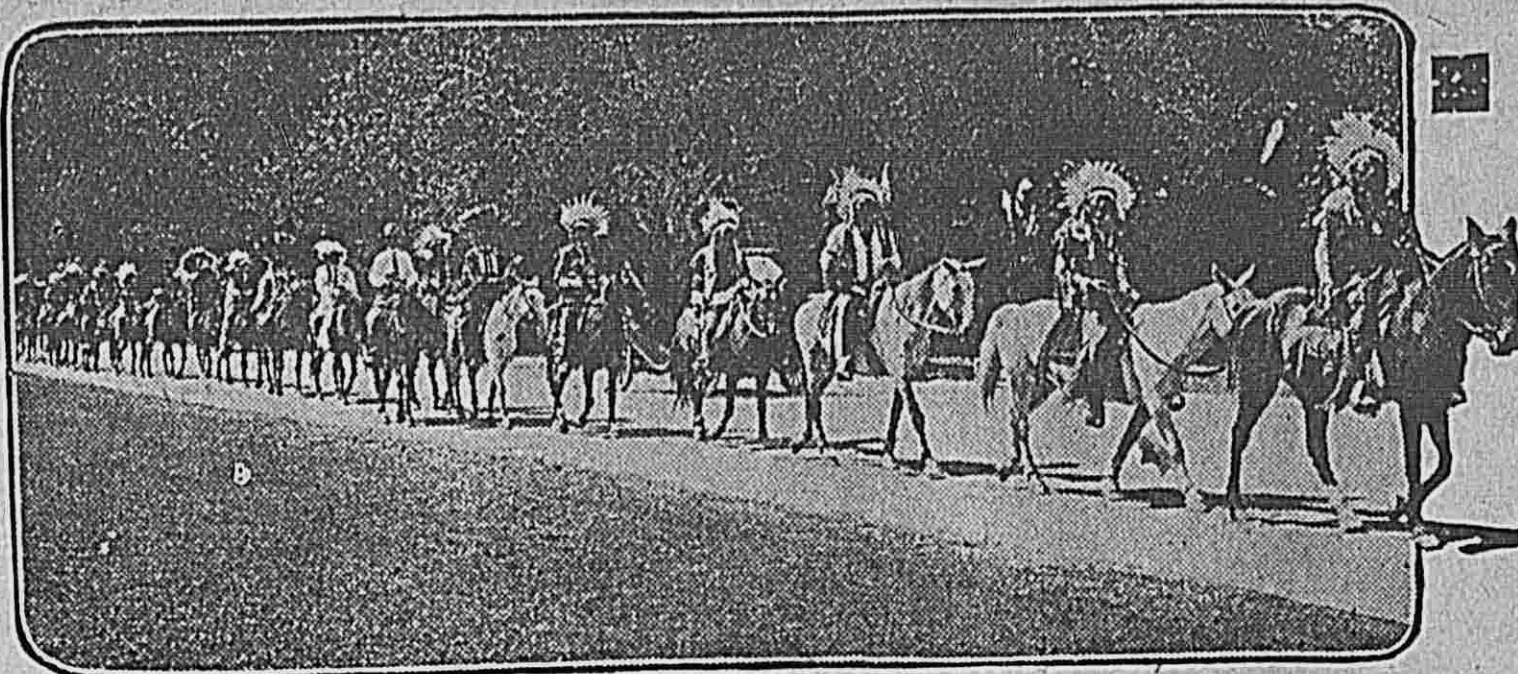
Auto Hit by Train; Five Die.

Carrollton, Mo., Aug. 18.—Five passengers in an automobile were killed and the driver dangerously injured when an Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe passenger train struck the machine at a crossing near here.

Accused of Stealing Current.

New York, Aug. 18.—Frank Pulver and John Elsermann, superintendent and engineer of a building, were arrested on a charge of having stolen \$30,000 worth of electricity from the New York Edison company.

INDIANS ON THEIR WAY TO THE SHAN KIVE



Here is a band of 100 Ute Indians on their way to take part in the Shan Kive, the annual festival of the Pike's Peak region. This year the fete, which takes place the first week in September in the Garden of the Gods, will be marked by the dedication of a monument commemorating the last massacre of whites in that region.

RECEIVES PEACE PLANS

PRESIDENT WILSON'S MESSAGE
IS FINALLY DELIVERED.

Mexico's Provisional Head May Be a
Candidate for the Presidency of
the Republic.

Mexico City, Aug. 18.—President Wilson's message to President Huerta is now in the possession of the government, which may be expected to reject it or to return some answer shortly. Foreign Minister Gamboa in the two conferences with John Lind, President Wilson's special representative in Mexico, came to the conclusion with the consent of President Huerta, that the simplest way to an end was to accept the document for President Huerta and his cabinet and study it.

It would appear now that as the message has been in the possession of the government since Thursday night, and no action concerning it has yet been announced, there is a good chance for its acceptance.

President Huerta gave Friday night what was considered to be an intimation that he would be a candidate for election to the presidency in the autumn. When asked as to his intentions, he said it was undesirable for him to make at this time a statement as to the possibility of his candidacy, but that he might announce his intention in a fortnight.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The Huerta government, through conferences between John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative, and Foreign Minister Gamboa, now knows the viewpoint of the United States and its desire for only a peaceful and friendly solution of Mexico's troubles. The formal communication will be transmitted to representatives of foreign powers here Monday.

It is expected in diplomatic circles that President Huerta will formally announce a call for an early election, even setting the date. It is regarded as possible that the constitutionalists would participate in an election conducted by a nonpartisan commission of Mexicans, a plan now under discussion here as an alternative that might be used.

SPARKS FROM
THE WIRE

Newport, R. I., Aug. 15.—"It's all false," was the comment made here by friends of Robert Goelot and his beautiful wife, formerly Elsie Whelan, when they were told of a report that the couple were to be divorced.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 14.—Posses are scouring southeastern Iowa in the hunt for three bandits who, after blowing open the postoffice safe at West Liberty, shot L. W. Swen, mayor of the town.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 16.—The British ambassador at Washington announces that the United States will permit the Forty-third regiment of Ottawa infantry corps of 400 men to visit New Haven, Conn., August 29.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 18.—In an automobile accident here, James Mead, aged eleven, son of John Mead, proprietor of the Erie (Pa.) Times, was killed. Six other persons were injured, one of whom may die.

New York, Aug. 18.—Henry S. Boutell of Chicago, minister to Switzerland, came back on the Amerika. He had perhaps heard of the troubles of Henry Lane Wilson, ambassador to Mexico, caused by overmuch talk, for he handed interviewers his card, upon one side of which was written "Mr. Boutell respectfully declines the pleasure of an interview."

London, Aug. 18.—James R. Bell, the original of Kipling's "Bridge Builder," is dead at his home here.

Hold-Up on "Frisco" Limited.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 19.—A bandit, who boarded a Pullman car of St. Louis and San Francisco passenger train, known as the Meteor, at the Union station here, robbed four of the passengers of \$100.

Baseball Magnate Is Buried.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 19.—William H. Locke, president of the Philadelphia National League Baseball club, who died at Ventnor, N. J., last Thursday, was buried in the South side cemetery.

SULZER IS REBUFFED

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR GLYNN
REFUSES TO TEST CLAIM
IN COURT.

WILL NOT CALL OUT TROOPS

Claimant Demands Abidation, Executive Asks for Suit, and Both Are Denied—May Involve Federal Government.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 18.—William H. Sulzer's plan to invoke the arbitration of the courts on the question whether he or Martin H. Glynn is now the lawful governor of New York was checked on Friday by the lieutenant governor.

Replying to a formal proposal by the impeached executive to submit the issue to adjudication on an agreed statement of facts, Mr. Glynn declared it was beyond his power to "barter away any of the functions attaching to the office in which I am placed by your impeachment."

"Any attempt on my part to do so," he said, "or to stipulate a method by which it might be done, would properly place me in the position you now occupy—that of being impeached for malfeasance in office."

Mr. Glynn declared further that he proposed to perform every function of the office of governor "except in so far as I am restrained by your illegal action or by physical force."

The announcement of the lieutenant governor's policy came late at night and followed negotiations between the respective counsel of the two men in the afternoon, which it was then supposed had resulted in a virtual agreement to take the case to the court of appeals.

The letter was delivered to Mr. Sulzer at the executive mansion.

Subsequently a horde of irate Murphy followers suggested, through their spokesman, that Mr. Glynn turn out a regiment of the National Guard, which is ready to obey his commands, and forcibly wrest the scepter of government from Mr. Sulzer.

Again Mr. Glynn shook his head. It is the purpose of Mr. Sulzer's counsel, who contend that indictments for high treason against Tammany Boss Murphy and his lieutenants will be asked for, to maintain before the court of impeachment that Tammany Hall coercion brought about the impeachment of Mr. Sulzer.

The serious condition of Mrs. Sulzer necessitated the recall of Dr. Robert Abrahams from New York. No official bulletin was forthcoming from the executive mansion concerning Mrs. Sulzer, but an afternoon bulletin, dictated by Dr. Abrahams after he had learned of the patient's condition over the telephone, stated that she was "still in a precarious condition," with a temperature of 102 and pulse 118.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The federal government soon may be confronted with the problem of determining whom it will recognize as governor of New York.

Under the Dick law, by which the National Guard enjoys government aid, requisitions for arms, ammunition, supplies and transportation must be approved by the governor.

MAY LOSE THE CONCLAVE

Los Angeles Is Opposed by Grand Master for Next Triennial Encampment City.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 18.—Opposition to Los Angeles as the thirty-third triennial convocation city has developed since the choice was made at the grand encampment meeting and it is reported in Knight Templar circles that Grand Master Arthur MacArthur will withhold his sanction on the choice of the city.

To Ask World Parade.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 19.—An invitation to natives of the world to meet at Hampton roads in 1915, and pass through the Panama canal accompanied by a fleet from the U. S. navy, will be issued by Wilson.

Noted Sportsman Is Dead.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—H. A. ("Bud") Ranaud, aged sixty, formerly connected with the fair grounds race track and well known in sporting circles for many years, died here of cirrhosis of the liver.

RAPs AT M'DERMOTT

WITNESS SAYS HE GOT \$7,500 FOR
SHAPING BILL.

Former Chief Page of House Testifies
Before the Lobby Inquiry
Committee.

Washington, Aug. 18.—A story of bribery, petty and large, of conferences with lobbyists and of campaign funds raised by manufacturers, involving Representative James T. McDermott of Chicago, was told by I. H. McMichael, former chief page of the house, before the house lobby investigating committee Friday.

McMichael said that Chicago members of the National Association of Manufacturers raised \$1,250 as a campaign fund for McDermott, told of numerous transactions between Martin M. Mulhall and the stockyards congressman. He swore that McDermott told him that he received \$7,500 for his efforts to have the loan shark bill in the District of Columbia amended so that it would not injure pawnbrokers, and told of numerous conferences between the congressman and the lobbyist.

At one of these conferences, at which he was present, McMichael said that McDermott told Mulhall he would need \$6,000 for his campaign expenses, and that Mulhall said he would try to get it for him. Shortly after that, he said, Mulhall brought to McDermott's office a list of the Chicago members of the National Association of Manufacturers and McDermott marked who were in his district. McMichael, in the capacity of McDermott's confidential secretary, then returned the list to Mulhall and later gave Mulhall \$75 to go to Chicago at the request of McDermott, who said he "was broke."

This was during the 1912 campaign. After he had been elected McDermott told McMichael that Mulhall had not raised a cent for him and had left him a \$300 hotel bill to pay.

PRESIDENT GIVES HIS VIEWS

Wilson Gives His Ideas on Rural Credits in Statement From White House.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The following statement was issued at the White House embodying the views of President Wilson on rural credits:

"Again and again during the discussion of the currency bill it has been urged that special provision should be made in it for the facilitating of such credits of the farmers of the country who stand in need of agricultural credits as distinguished from ordinary commercial and industrial credits. Such proposals were not adopted because such credits could only be imperfectly provided for in such a measure. The scope and character of the bill, its immediate and chief purpose could not be made to reach as far as the special interests of the farmer require."

DECLARES RAYS CURE CANCER

Tasmania Doctor Tells of Success in Treatment of Disease in Hospital There.

Hobart, Tasmania, Aug. 14.—Dr. Roberts, senior surgeon of the general hospital here, claims to have attained remarkable success in the cure of cancer by Roentgen secondary rays filtered through silver, copper or tin plate. He declares he has treated 40 cases of cancer in this way without a recurrence of the disease.

Catholic Meet Ends.

Milwaukee, Aug. 15.—At the closing session of the Catholic Federated Societies Charles I. Denechaid of New Orleans was re-elected president and Anthony Matre of St. Louis, secretary. Baltimore gets the next convention.

Farmers Threat at Night.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 19.—Moonlight threshing is now the rule on farms about La Crosse, both on the Wisconsin and Minnesota sides of the river. Crews were unable to work in the daytime on account of heat.

Bryan Defends His Acts.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 19.—In the first issue of his Commoner W. J. Bryan has an extended editorial in which he justifies in his own mind his return to the chautauqua platform while acting as a member of the cabinet.

BREAKS WITH U. S.

HUERTA GIVES ACTING AMERICAN
AMBASSADOR HIS PASS-
PORTS HOME.

SITUATION NOW CRITICAL

Takes Drastic Action Following Wash-
ington's Ultimatum—Demanded
Recognition by Mid-
night Monday.

Washington, Aug. 20.—Nelson O'Shaughnessy, acting American ambassador at Mexico City, was given his passports sharply at midnight on Tuesday by the Mexican government.

He has sent no official confirmation of the action and ultimatum of Huerta, but from confidential sources in Mexico City the administration learned at one o'clock in the morning of the Huerta demand for recognition and his severance of diplomatic relations with the United States.

Mexico City, Aug. 20.—The United States government was given until midnight Monday by President Huerta to recognize Mexico, it is officially stated.

The government is not specific in the public announcement as to what course then will be pursued, but it is understood that it means the severing of the relations between the two countries.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Mexican situation took a critical turn on Monday and the Wilson administration is facing the most serious complication that has yet arisen in this affair.

President Huerta of Mexico has rebuffed the administration's suggestion, transmitted through "Embassy Adviser" John Lind. He has served notice on this government that he will not listen to any suggestions of mediation, either from the United States or any other foreign government and that he will not permit interference in any way in the internal affairs of the disrupted republic of Mexico.

How much of a diplomatic disaster the Huerta reply indicates for the United States depends upon the terms in which it is couched. No one here will vouchsafe enough of its language to disclose whether or not there is left an opportunity through which Mr. Lind may renew negotiations.

The next step is up to us, but no one here will say whether we will back down gracefully or whether we will assume a firmer attitude toward President Huerta.

The blow came as a particularly heavy one, because until Monday Mr. Lind had led the administration to believe that events at Mexico City were promising of a speedy and peaceful solution of the problem. Not until morning did the dispatches indicate that President Huerta's courtesy to Mr. Lind was but a bit of Castilian etiquette and that the gloved hand held a club.

President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan spent an hour and a half in secret conference over the situation at the White House and John Bassett Moore, counselor of the state department and the only authority on international law in the administration, was called in. This fact alone indicated serious trouble, for so far Mr. Moore has been carefully kept out of the inner councils except when peril was imminent.

None of those concerned would say a word about the situation. Secretary Bryan insisted that the president was the only one to speak, and the latter declined to talk.

32 DIE WHEN SHIP HITS ROCK

Steamer State of California Goes
Down in Gambler Bay,
Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 20.—Thirty-two passengers and seven seamen were lost when the steamer State of California of the Pacific Coast Steamship company's fleet, struck an uncharted rock and was wrecked, in Gambler bay, Alaska, on Sunday.

The steamer sunk within three minutes after striking and many passengers were drowned before they could get out of their staterooms. Dispatches from Juneau say that it is impossible to give the correct list of the missing, as the pursuer saved no records.

News of the wreck and the heavy loss of life did not reach Juneau until the steamship Jefferson arrived with some of the passengers and crew who had been rescued from the icy waters.

"Tama" Jim Wilson Is 78.

New York, Aug. 20.—Former Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson of Iowa celebrated his seventy-eighth birthday on the Anchor liner Cameronia. A big cake was presented him by Col. Andrew McLean of Brooklyn.

Wait for Jap to Start Suit.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The United States will facilitate a court test of the California anti-alien land law, but the initiative must come from some aggrieved Japanese representative, President Wilson let it be known.

Men Fight Duel Over Seat.

London, Ky., Aug. 20.—While cowboys were fighting Indians in a "wild west" show, Sam Hodge and S. W. Hopkins engaged in a quarrel over a seat, and a real shooting followed. Hodge cannot recover.

WRIGHT'S
INDIAN VEGETABLE
PILLS

FOR SICK HEADACHE
SOUR STOMACH, DYSPEPSIA,
POOR APPETITE, CONSTIPATION,
LIVER COMPLAINT, BILIOUSNESS

ROMAN EYE BALSAM

FOR SCALDING SENSATION
IN EYES AND ALL FORMS OF IN-
FLAMMATION OF EYES OR EYELIDS

Don't Cut Out
A SHOE BOIL, CAPPED
HOCK OR BURSTIS

FOR
ABSORBINE

will remove them and leave no blemishes. Reduces any puff or swelling. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 K free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for man, foot, horse, etc. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle at drugists or delivered. Will tell more if you write. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Stout Figures

Reduced One to Five Inches
Without Discomfort
by Wearing

W.B. Elastine-Reduso Corsets \$3.00

DO YOU KNOW A SNAF WHEN YOU SEE IT? TWO SECTIONS FOR EIGHTEEN dollars per acre. THREE sections for FIFTEEN dollars per acre. FOUR sections for TWELVE dollars per acre. IN SOUTHWESTERN NORTH DAKOTA. ONE-FOURTH CASH. BALANCE TO SUIT at six per cent. If one-fourth of this land is cultivated WILL PAY FOR TRAIL in a few years. NEW YORK INVESTMENT CO., NEW SALEM, N. DAK.

LET US RAISE HOGS FOR YOU

on profit-sharing plan. Address
SOUTH TEXAS HOG FARM, Wharton, Tex.

PATENTS

For Local Information, name, etc. No canvassing. National Information Sales Company, 237, Cleveland, Ohio

BARGAIN

Iowa corn land. 20, 25, 30 acre town, improved; 20, close in. Choice land. G. W. MILLER, owner, Manchester, Iowa

Argentina is calling for supplies of mules.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Royal Metamorphosis.

"The King, changing into a four-horsed carriage, drove through the cattle section."

A characteristic example of kingly tact—Punch.

Up Against It.

"That woodpecker may be persistent, but I think he's beaten this time."

"What's he trying to do?"

"Drill a hole into an iron trolley pole."

He Had Observed.

The teacher was giving a test on the value of foreign money in America. When it was little Harry's turn, he asked:

"Harry, how much is a guinea worth in this country?"

Harry smiled and answered: "A dollar and a half a day."—Everybody's Magazine.

Desperate Remedy.

From the roof of a building the stranger looked down upon a park whose sparse grass, scraggy shrubbery and stunted trees were almost trampled out of sight by a human mob that surged round a speaker's platform in the middle of the park.

"What's up?" said the stranger. "A suffragist riot?"

"Worse than that," said the guide. "The park grass has been in a bad way for several months, and a local politician has called a mass meeting of the citizens to discuss plans for saving it."

Post
Toasties
for Lunch

Appetizing and whole-
some these hot Summer
days.

No cooking — no hot
kitchen.

Ready to eat direct from
the package — fresh, crisp
and dainty.

Serve with cream and
sugar — and sometimes
fresh berries or fruit.

Post Toasties are thin
bits of Indian Corn, toasted
to a golden brown.

Acceptable at any meal—

Post Toasties

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

WILLIAM SULZER IS IMPEACHED

Governor of New York Accused
of Larceny and Perjury.

SUMMARY OF THE CHARGES

Diversion of Campaign Contributions
for Stock Speculation Is Alleged—
Story of the Executive's Fight
With Tammany.

Albany, N. Y.—William Sulzer, governor of New York, has been impeached by the lower house of the state legislature, and will be tried by the senate and the circuit court of appeals, sitting together as a court of impeachment. The article of impeachment, which was adopted by a vote of 79 to 45, charges the governor with perjury and larceny of campaign funds and with other slightly less serious offenses.

An important part of the charge is that Mr. Sulzer diverted campaign contributions to his private use and invested them in stocks. Just before the impeachment Mrs. Sulzer made a statement to the effect that she had taken part of the campaign money and bought stocks with it in Wall street. She will probably take the witness stand at the trial to tell this story.

Charges Against Sulzer

Stripped of their legal verbiage, the articles of impeachment against Governor Sulzer are as follows:

1.—That Governor Sulzer, in filing his statement of campaign expenses, set forth that his entire receipts were \$5,460 and his expenditures \$7,724; that this statement "was false and was intended by him to be false;" that his list of receipts failed to include 11 specific contributions, ranging in amount from \$100 to \$2,500.

2.—That Governor Sulzer attached to his statement of campaign expenses an affidavit declaring that the statement was "a full and detailed statement of all moneys received or contributed or expended by him directly or indirectly." That this affidavit "was



Governor Sulzer.

false and was corruptly made by him," and that he was "guilty of willful and corrupt perjury."

3.—That Governor Sulzer "was guilty of mal and corrupt conduct in his office as governor and was guilty of bribing witnesses." The specific charge is that while the Frawley committee was investigating the governor's campaign accounts he "fraudulently induced" three witnesses (his campaign manager, a personal friend, and a stock broker) "to withhold their testimony from said committee."

4.—That the governor was guilty of "suppressing evidence" in violation of the state penal law. The specific charge is that he "practiced deceit and fraud and used threats and menaces with intent to prevent the Frawley committee from procuring the attendance and testimony of certain witnesses."

5.—That the governor was guilty of "preventing and dissuading a witness from attending under a subpoena" the sessions of the Frawley committee. The witness referred to is Frederick L. Colwell, alleged to have acted as Sulzer's agent in certain stock transactions.

6.—That prior to his election the governor appropriated campaign contributions to his own use, "and used the same, or a large part thereof, in speculating in stocks . . . and thereby stole such checks and was guilty of larceny."

7.—That Governor Sulzer promised and threatened to use the authority and influence of his office for the purpose of affecting the vote or political action of certain public officers, including two assemblymen.

8.—That he "corruptly used his authority as governor to affect the prices of securities on the New York stock exchange, in some of which he was speculating."

How It All Started.

When Governor Sulzer, the "people's governor," and the "poor man's friend," refused to do the bidding of Boss Murphy of Tammany Hall, the most remarkable political drama New York state had ever seen was begun. From that very moment Tammany Hall carried out a steady and consistent program of warfare against Sulzer and all things Sulzer. The governor replied in kind, as well as he could. A Tammany-led legislature made an investigation of Sulzer, which

investigation of some Tammany-controlled state department.

What was it all about? Direct primaries, mainly. Also about appointments. Boss Murphy sought to have certain organization men appointed to office. Sulzer declined to appoint them, although he had been something of an organization man himself for a great many years, and immediately after his election to the governorship had been intimate with Murphy, so intimate that Mr. and Mrs. Murphy were welcome at the "People's House," as Governor Sulzer asserted himself in an interview.

Sulzer may have told the truth when he said his life was in danger. He declared, after his break with Tammany Hall, that he had employed guards to protect him against possible assassination. Attack after attack, mostly traceable to political enemies, was made on Sulzer. He was accused of perjury, the alleged offense having been committed, according to his accuser, in 1890. That accusation didn't seem to have much effect in the way of ruining Sulzer, so suit was filed in Philadelphia by a young woman of the name of Mignon (Polly) Hopkins, charging Sulzer with breach of promise. This action, Sulzer said also, was a move on the part of his political enemies. Miss Hopkins asked \$30,000 damages for her wounded heart. Sulzer admitted having known Miss Hopkins some years ago, but denied that he had ever proposed marriage to her.

Row Over Direct Primaries.

When Sulzer promised real direct primaries to the people of New York, he evidently meant what he said. When he went into office he made it his business to start legislation for direct primaries on its way. He discovered, however, that he and his political associates had very different ideas of the kind of direct primaries New York wanted. A bill was introduced at the instigation of Sulzer, but before it was voted upon another direct primary bill, which Sulzer characterized as a "fraud upon the people," was introduced in both branches of the legislature and passed. Governor Sulzer vetoed it, and then called upon the legislators to pass his bill. The assembly and then the senate killed the Sulzer bill, amid scenes such as the senate and assembly chambers had never before seen. There were shouts of rage and shakings of fists in the direction of the capitol. There were cheers and shouts when it was announced that the bills had been killed.

Sulzer then started a campaign to obtain direct primaries. He enlisted many well known men in his cause, and called the legislature in extraordinary session. It had then become a case of open warfare.

His Campaign Fund Investigated.

The governor instigated investigations of several state departments, and then Tammany retaliated in kind with an investigation of Sulzer's campaign fund by a legislative committee. Senator Frawley, a Tammany chieftain, was the chairman of the committee and it commenced its sittings in Albany. It was intimated that Sulzer had received checks for his campaign fund which he had not listed in his sworn statement, a misdemeanor under the laws of New York state. Two checks were introduced into the evidence. One was for \$2,500 from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the bankers, and endorsed "Mr. Schiff's contribution to the Sulzer campaign." The other check was for \$500 and was signed by Abram I. Elkus, a prominent New York city lawyer. It was alleged by the Frawley committee that neither of these checks appeared in Sulzer's campaign list.

At a later session of the Frawley committee, held in New York, it developed that Sulzer had owed the stock brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller \$48,599.38 on January 1, 1912, when Sulzer was in congress. According to testimony and evidence offered, Sulzer had been a steady loser in the stock market. The brokers to whom he owed money dunned him for payment, according to the testimony, and Sulzer was finally rescued by his business partner, ex-Governor A. E. Spriggs, of Montana, who paid \$5,000, and Louis A. Josephthal of New York, who, on July 19 last, paid \$26,749.21.

It also developed before the committee that Sulzer had traded with Boyer, Griswold & Co. Charles H. Reynolds, formerly cashier for the firm, testified that on October 16 last, Frederick L. Colwell, whom he understood to be an agent for Sulzer, had bought 200 shares of Big Four for \$12,025. The stock was paid for the same day with eight checks and \$7,125 in cash. One check given in payment for the stock was a campaign contribution. The Frawley committee alleged that the seven other checks were also campaign contributions, and asserted that this would be proved.

Other Governors Impeached.

Seven other governors in the United States have faced impeachment proceedings. These men and the results that followed were:

Charles Robinson, Kansas, 1862, acquitted.

Harrison Reed, Florida, 1868, charges dropped.

William V. Holden, North Carolina, 1870, removed.

Powell Clayton, Arkansas, 1871, charges dropped.

David Butler, Nebraska, 1871, removed.

Henry C. Warmoth, Louisiana, 1872, term expired and proceedings dropped.

Adelbert Ames, Mississippi, 1876, resigned.

How Much Better Today.

If it is good to use attention tomorrow, how much better is it to do so today. If tomorrow it is in your interest to attend, how much more is it today, that you may be able to do so tomorrow, and may not delay it again.

TELLING ABOUT \$75,000 JEWEL THEFT



Mrs. Charles C. Rumsey (left) is here seen telling her mother, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, how she was robbed of jewels valued at \$75,000 at Narragansett Pier. Other society folk also have suffered heavy losses at the hands of clever burglars in that fashionable summer resort of late.

TWO SUITS A WEEK

Fine Clothes Help Spanish King
to Keep Throne.

Monarch Believed to Spend More
Money on Wardrobe Than Any
Ruler Except Czar of Russia—
Wears Startling Vests.

London.—The king of Spain is the most elaborately attired monarch in Europe.

It is doubtful if the youthful monarch has ever been seen more than half a dozen times in the same suit, and it is certain that there are many suits in which he has been seen but once or twice.

When he takes a fancy to a particular tweed or cloth he will often order a dozen suits from it straightway and wear each but two or three times. If he tries of the material before he has worn the whole dozen he will have the lot put out of the royal wardrobe. It would be difficult to say how many suits of clothes the king of Spain orders in the year.

The number greatly varies. Sometimes King Alfonso will order as many as a couple of dozen suits at a time, while at other times he will give his tailor, or rather one of them, for he patronizes several, an order for but one or two suits.

The king of Spain keeps from 100 to 150 suits in the royal wardrobe and buys on an average of 100 suits a year.

His majesty's bill to his tailor alone averages \$5,000 a year, of which sum



King Alfonso of Spain.

London tailors get a good share. There is one London tailor who, when the king of Spain was the guest of the duke of Westminster at Eton hall some little while ago, took an order from the Spanish monarch for 40 suits.

The tailor was asked by wire to go to the duke's residence, and returned to London with the largest single order he ever received in his pocket.

There is no monarch who is so punctilious about being dressed in the extreme of fashion as his Spanish majesty. Any suit the cut of which has become in the least out of date is at once put out of the royal wardrobe, though it may only have been worn by the king once, or possibly not worn at all. The king of Spain has not any particular fancy for any material (except perhaps a striped flannel for summer wear) so far as the pattern goes. He appears equally often in light and dark clothes of different patterns, but he never wears a heavy material of any sort.

His majesty has a particular liking for fancy waistcoats. He buys dozens of them and pays from \$15 to \$25 apiece for them. In waistcoats alone he spends at least \$1,000 a year.

When he comes to the English court he is

cess Ena he had in his wardrobe some waistcoats of rather more remarkable pattern than was possible even for a monarch to wear. In England at all events, without being thought to violate good taste.

Clearly a hint had to be given to the young monarch on the matter, and his royal host, the late King Edward, with characteristic tact, thought of the best way of doing this without offending the royal guest. The Princess Ena was instructed to say something on the subject to King Alfonso, and thereafter his majesty was never seen in a fancy waistcoat except of the most correct pattern according to English notions.

The king of Spain, like all very well dressed men, is extremely particular about having ties that harmonize correctly with his clothes. He purchases about 100 ties in the year, which cost him from \$5 to \$10 each, and buys most of them in Paris.

On shirts the Spanish monarch spends about the same as he does on ties.

His polo shirts cost him \$15 apiece and are made of the finest silk, and he puts a dozen of them out of the royal wardrobe every season.

King Alfonso changes his collar and shirt three times a day, and rarely wears a shirt that has been laundered more than three or four times.

Suicide Is An Exception

Gradual Increase in Breaking of Law
Among Younger Males Also Shown
by Statistics.

New York.—That married men are better than single ones is the most remarkable feature of a report of an investigation made by the district attorney's office which has just been made public. Out of the 2,857 men convicted last year only 784 were married, as compared to 2,063 who were unmarried. The one startling exception is in the case of suicide, the report showing that among men who attempt to take their own lives the married outnumber the single three to one.

A comparison for the last nine years gives 7,670 convictions of married men for all sorts of crimes and 18,406 convictions of unmarried men. The report indicates that there is a gradual increase in crime among young men, the male criminals under the age of thirty years having increased in number from 1,700 in 1904 to 2,200 in 1912. During the last year many offenders were between the years of fifteen and twenty.

Assault charges now show 40 under twenty years and 64 from twenty to thirty years; third-degree burglary, 213 for the younger period and 205 for the older; grand larceny in the second degree, 184 criminals under twenty years, and 258 from twenty to thirty; petit larceny, 187 under twenty and 144 from twenty to thirty years; unlawful entry, 34 under twenty years and 22 from twenty to thirty years. The total shows 940 under twenty convicted last year, and 1,278 from twenty to thirty. Only 404 offenders from thirty to forty years were convicted.

The statistics for women prisoners show that two-thirds of the women brought to court were under thirty years.

No More State Bread.

Paris.—A Dutch invention will shortly be put into practice here which, it is said, will be as great a boon to bakers as it will to housekeepers. It is the application of cold storage to freshly baked bread, so that there need be no more night work for the bakers. The process is very complicated and scientific.

LIFE IS RESTORED

Electrical Device Used in Effort
to Save Hero.

Man's Heart Beats For Two Hours.
After Being Pronounced Dead
From Drowning, by Use of
Instrument.

New York.—For two hours after he had been declared dead from drowning the young wife and other relatives of Edgar Manjo watched spellbound around him at Babylon, L. I., as Dr. D. W. Wynkoop slowly brought him back to life, forcing his heart to beat with an electrical device. For long it was believed the young man would be saved, but suddenly respiration ceased and could not again be restored.

Monjo, who was only twenty, was a son of Lewis Monjo, a retired export broker, well known on Wall street, and son-in-law of Commodore Searle of the Babylon Yacht club. With his wife he was spending the holiday at her parents' home and went bathing with his little niece, Susan Searle.

A few minutes after they had started the child burst, sobbing, into the Searle house, crying "Uncle is drowned!" When she grew calm enough to tell her story it was evident that Monjo gave his life to save hers.

The two had waded out into the river hand-in-hand. Apparently they had stepped unexpectedly into a deep hole or off a ledge of ground. Monjo, realizing that he could not swim, had with a last desperate effort thrown his niece back into the shallow, safe water as he himself went under.

Dr. Wynkoop, a local physician, was summoned. He got two short lengths of wire and placed one at the base of Monjo's tongue and the other against his diaphragm and connected the free ends with an electrode. Monjo had been pronounced dead more than two hours when Dr. Wynkoop began his treatment.

An hour after the electrical machine was set in operation the awed spectators started back in astonishment. There were signs of returning life. First came a scarcely perceptible movement of the heart. Then slowly that organ resumed its functions and respiration was restored.

For two hours the heart beat regularly and respiration continued. The young wife hung over her husband praying that he might be restored to her and waiting for the return of consciousness. But consciousness did not return and suddenly both respiration and heart stopped and could not be re-started.

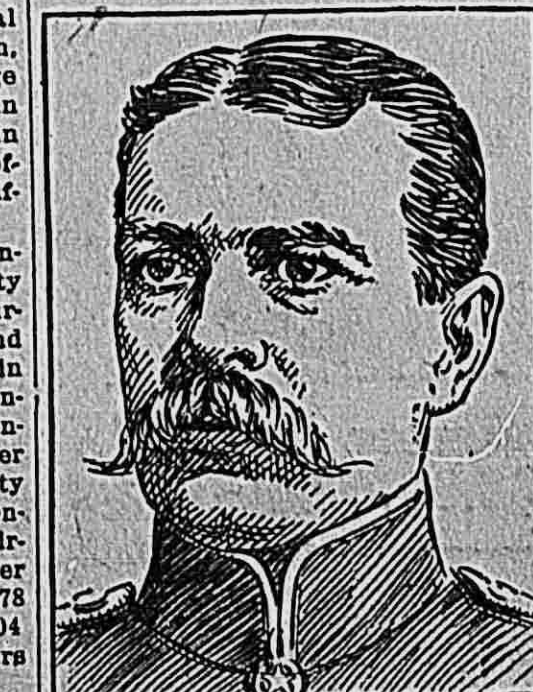
Dr. Wynkoop said he was greatly grieved his efforts had failed. It was the first time, he said, his treatment had been applied to a human being. He had been experimenting with animals some time and had revived many after death, as ordinarily understood, had taken place. He believed that had it been possible for him to begin earlier he would have saved Manjo's life. He explained that he turned the current on twenty times to the minute.

But the method of operation is simple enough. The baker's oven is to be supplemented with a refrigerating chamber containing just as many degrees of cold as there are degrees of heat in the open. The baker after baking his bread places it in the ice chamber and keeps it at a temperature of a degree or two below zero.

KITCHENER SNUBS THE KING

Famous English Soldier Ignores Ruler
While Going Home for His
Vacation.

London.—Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, British agent in Egypt, is home for a vacation to which his wonderful work during the last three years in



Lord Kitchener.

Calro amply antile him. But the method of his home-coming is causing much comment.

His way of ignoring his official superiors in the imperial government and even the king is without precedent and would not be tolerated in anybody else. He has now been at his home in Broome Hall, Kent, ten days, yet has never condescended even to notify the foreign secretary of his return, much less to call upon him, as is the custom

Impossible. Startled he looked about him. "My legs are comfortable," he muttered. "My knees aren't cramped. I can get the kinks out of my calves and even lean back a little. My line of sight is unobstructed. Why, not only can I see everything, I can also hear everything! I can retire to the foyer without disturbing 15 people, or even one, but—I'm so comfortable sitting here that I'd rather stay just where I am. These lights—the music—the scenery—all look real, yes, they strongly suggest reality—but it's impossible. Whoever heard of a comfortable theater? I must be dreaming."

And, doggone it, that's just what he was doing.—Masses.

ECZEMA SPREAD OVER BODY

Roxbury, Ohio.—"When my little boy was two weeks old he began breaking out on his cheeks. The eczema began just with pimples and they seemed to itch so badly he would scratch his face and cause a matter to run. Whenever that matter would touch it would cause another pimple until it spread all over his body. It caused disfigurement while it lasted. He had fifteen places on one arm and his head had several. The deepest places on his cheeks were as large as a silver dollar on each side. He was so restless at night we had to put mittens on him to keep him from scratching them with his finger nails. If he got a little too warm at night it seemed to hurt badly."

"We tried a treatment and he didn't get any better. He had the eczema about three weeks when we began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I bathed him at night with the Cuticura Soap and spread the Cuticura Ointment on and the eczema left." (Signed) Mrs. John White, Mar. 19, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Plea for More Hygienic Gravy. "Stray Shots," the weekly paper issued by the inmates of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, offers this mild suggestion to the cook: "If the gentleman entrusted with the task of making brown gravy to accompany the T-bone steaks served at this great culinary center, will take the trouble to read a few lines in any old cook book he will discover that it is impossible to use hot water and produce lumpless gravy. If he has any spark of sympathy in his soul he will realize that uncooked flour is the bosom friend of indigestion. A little regard for the great regiment that feasts here should furnish comfort in the consciousness of duty well performed."

Want Changeable Dresses! At the recent International Congress of Applied Chemistry in London one of the most celebrated lecturers, Giacomo Ciamician, predicted that women of the future will not be contented with a dress which remains constantly of one color, but will demand colors that change in harmony with their surroundings.

Thus the color of the apparel may be changed without changing the dress. Passing from darkness to light the color would brighten, thus conforming automatically to the environment—the last word in fashion for the future.

This prediction will come true as soon as chemists learn to understand better what are called "phototropic colors," or colors that change with the intensity of the light upon them. In men's wear this might mean that the light-colored suit of the bright summer day would be transformed into a dark suit at night.

Mosquitoes seem to be troubled with chronic insomnia.

AN OLD NURSE

Persuaded Doctor to Drink Postum.

An old faithful nurse and an experienced doctor, are a pretty strong combination in favor of Postum, instead of tea and coffee.

The doctor said:

"I began to drink Postum five years ago on the advice of an old nurse."

"During an unusually busy winter, between coffee, tea and overwork, I became a victim of insomnia. In a month after beginning Postum, in place of tea and coffee, I could eat anything and sleep as soundly as a baby."

"In three months I had gained twenty pounds in weight. I now use Postum altogether instead of tea and coffee; even at bedtime with a soda cracker or some other tasty biscuit."

"Having a little tendency to Diabetes, I used a small quantity of saccharine instead of sugar, to sweeten with. I may add that today tea or coffee are never present in our house and very many patients, on my advice, have adopted Postum as their regular beverage."

"In conclusion I can assure anyone that, as a refreshing, nourishing and nerve-strengthening beverage, there is nothing equal to Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate. There's a reason why it's so popular.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
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THURSDAY, AUGUST, 21 1913

Virtue and Greatness.

There was never yet a truly great man that was not at the same time truly virtuous.—Benjamin Franklin.

May End Letter Writing.

A French inventor is said to have perfected a device that threatens to do away with necessity for writing letters. One talks into a machine, which makes a cloth record that can be transmitted to the person with whom it is desired to communicate, and all he has to do is to set his phonograph going and listen. Hereafter, young ladies in the business of stenography and typewriting who receive offers of marriage from eligible young men may feel it the part of prudence to accept.

Experts are now turning their inventive attention to the evolution of the crowless rooster. When that feat is accomplished they might next try conclusions on the back-fenceless cat.

Government experts announce that anybody can heat a loaf of bread by putting it in a hot oven. Perhaps next winter they will tell us how to cool a bottle of beer.

A fashion paper says women's summer dress will be cool, charming and comfortable. Evidently had a bathing suit in mind when this was written.

New York Judge says wives should stay at home with their husbands instead of riding around in taxis. Think the husband should be consulted first.

A fugitive Russian princess is said to have been discovered on the New York stage. A real princess could remain undiscovered there, if anywhere.

Count Zeppelin says he is pledged not to build airships for any country but Germany. The other countries ought to be glad of that.

Another indication of how modern progress is making its way is the fact that New York has just given up a horse car line.

A German steam-roller operator crosses his trousers by driving the machine over them. Still, he has to have two pairs.

The skirt slashed to the knee is the latest edict of fashion. Soon this country will be no place for a modest man.

And when you stop to think of it, Cleopatra was a mere piker as compared to modern tangolats and others.

Of course a canoe is a perfectly safe craft—when it is upside down in the back yard.

Perhaps the loeman will now permit himself to enjoy the luxury of a smile.

The lightning rod man is almost as jovial as the ice man.

Unwisely moves the hand that rocks the boat.

What about the effete monarchies of the old world? Here is King Alfonso, only twenty-seven years old, and the father of six children.

At least Yale has succeeded in demonstrating that the English style of rowing is no better than the English style of polo.

Sing Sing prison is described as "a disgrace to New York State." If the inmates are meant, why go to that trouble?

Haiti has sold her navy, and we understand that she took the money and bought a new uniform for her army.

A missionary has just scaled Mount McKinley. It is to be hoped the natives were duly appreciative.

There will be a great business for the doctors if it is ever proved that surgery will cure mental defects.

A St. Louis man has advertised the fact that his wife is no gossip. Gossips advertise themselves.

Bound to Have Some Kick.
"Don't you want to see the world a place of complete peace and harmony?" "No," replied Mr. Growcher. "Just as soon as you get the world peaceful and harmonious a lot of people will arise and kick because competition has been eliminated."

Not Any Use There.
"There are some things," said the man with the high brow, "that money won't buy." "I s'pose there are," replied the other with the overlapping chin, "but there's no use tryin' to use 'em to get an extension of your credit."

Concrete Milk Houses

Cleanliness in the dairy is of prime importance—build it of concrete. The concrete dairy is easiest kept clean; always cool; free from rats; keeps milk longer. Hundreds of milk houses have been built with

Chicago AA Portland Cement

It is the favorite brand with farmers because always uniform—every batch of concrete always alike—the finished work sure to be of uniform strength and color throughout. Let us give you a "Talk about Free book about Concrete Milk Houses" build them economically and successfully with "Chicago AA" Cement. Or, if you prefer, write Chicago Portland Cement Co., 20 E. La Salle St., Chicago, for a copy.

GOODRICH LUMBER CO.

Shoe Sale!

Shoe Sale!

Shoe Sale!

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE

Is offering shoes at prices which will make a record for Lake county. No excuse for sending away for shoes when they can be bought for less at home

Do not pay fancy prices when you can get dependable stylish shoes that fit at the
Antioch Cash Shoe Store.

You buy the right kind when you know as we do the right factory to go to get the kind of shoes for the purpose for which they should be used.

Remember we are offering only reliable shoes that are made in the highest class factory in the country absolute guarantee goes with every pair.

Prudent buyers will purchase their winter supply of shoes now.

There is no excuse for sending away for you can buy shoes (The Best Made) at the
Antioch Cash Shoe Store.

This stupendous **SHOE SALE** for Lake County has caused factories and whole sale shoe houses to say we will demoralize the shoe business and will ruin it. We have the nerve and are going to try.

MEN'S BLACKSTONE



This stylish double sole late model shoe all leather. Our regular \$3.50 Shoe, price this sale

\$2.45
All sizes



Martha Washington shoes usually sold at \$2.50 some people are mean enough to charge 3 00 for them. Our sale price \$1.69, less than others pay for them.



Men's Gunmetal Button shoe

This splendid gun metal button shoe regular price 4.00 Our special sale price.

\$2.95
All sizes

Antioch will look and wonder when they see the values we are offering them.

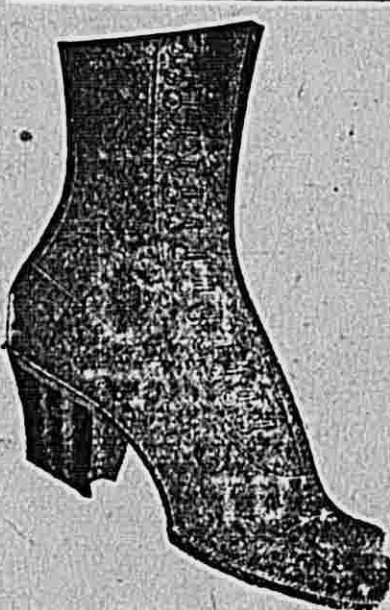
Every shoe sold with the highest guarantee, money refunded if desired exchange cheerfully made.



Misses gunmetal and other leather reliable shoe regular price \$1.75 our sale price.

1.49
We defy anyone to produce as good

The Antioch Cash Shoe Store with its many connections, purchase shoes at prices far below the usual cost of shoes and consequently can sell at low prices.



Women's servicable shoe for hard use. Regular price. 2.00 Sale price.

\$1.45

They are made of good wearing upper stock good hemlock best wearing bottom stock and can be relied upon for hard use.

Boy's Dress Shoes Size 1 to 5 1-2



Regular price 2.50 Our Sale price

\$1.85

All sizes You can afford to buy a supply for the future.

Now while we are telling you all about the big bargains you can secure now we ask you to look at our rubber prices as September 1 we will offer rubbers at prices that will astonish you.

Misses two strap sandals in all leather. Regular Price \$1.25 to \$1.75.

Sale price.
89c.



Children's Shoes

Made of rice kid uppers, turned button making them comfortable for the little tot. Regular price 1.00 Our Sale price.

69c.



Child's White NuBuck, turned sole made of best NuBuck with best bottom stock cheap at, Regular price. \$1.50

Our sale price.

79c.



Women's high grade dependable shoes up to the minute. Regular selling price

\$3.50 Our sale price

\$2.45

all sizes



How would you like to take a grab at about

100 pairs

of white canvass slippers which we are offering at this sale for

39c.



Women's comfort shoes Regular

price \$2.50

Sale price

\$1.79

Boy's Gunmetal Button and lace shoes, regular price

\$2.00

Our

Sale

Price

\$1.59

We have selected a number of kinds of shoes and slippers from our different lines, pickings of all kinds. Regular price from \$1.00 to \$3.00. Sale price 89c.



Little Gents box calf and gunmetal, Button and lace shoes, Regular price \$1.75,

Sale Price

\$1.39

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Little gent's shoe, size, 9 to 13. Regular price

\$2.00 Sale price
\$1.49



LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcement and the Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 18.—The committee declared butter at 27c.

Cement at Hunt's. adv
See my line of \$2.25 work shoes. Chase Webb. adv

Mrs. John Hancock of Superior, Wis. is visiting relatives here.

The Antioch senior ball team will play Rockefeller at that place Sunday.

Oren Stevens of Richmond was in attendance at the Sabin funeral Monday.

John Nelson and Myron Snapp of Chicago spent over Sunday at Daniel Nelson's.

For Sale—Brown mare, 6 years old sound, weight 1050. Inquire C. F. Chinn. adv

Miss Maude Brogan of Kenosha was home over Sunday.

Miss Carrie Copley of Kenosha visited over Sunday in Antioch.

Miss Jessie Lowry of Detroit, Mich., visited her aunt Miss Addie Schafer Monday.

Frank Brogan of Moberg, S. D., is here visiting his mother and other relatives.

Mrs. Garasha and daughter Miss Edna of Chicago were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. James Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Harrower left on Tuesday for North Lake, Wis., where they will spend two weeks visiting relatives.

Wanted—Six or seven room house in good repair in the Village of Antioch. Inquire C. W. Hill, Goodrich Lumber company.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Sabin of Washington, D. C., arrived here Sunday evening being called here by the death of the former's brother.

Mrs. Stinson and two children, Junior and Miss Mary of Oak Park visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Hawkins Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Addie Schafer returned home Monday from a three-week's vacation visiting relatives and friends at Burlington, Conn. and Milwaukee, Wis.

Mrs. Paul Deckwitz's mother died, August 8, at Denver, Colorado. The remains were brought to Chicago and placed in the vault at Mt Hope cemetery.

We learn that Miss Alice Smith of Grayslake, well known in this vicinity, leaves the latter part of this week for Seattle, Wash., where she has accepted a position as a teacher for the ensuing year.

Agents Wanted—Highest cash weekly and part expenses. Outfit free. Home territory. Experience unnecessary. Our contract the fairest ever written. Under our plan you can make \$20 per week and over, and above expenses. Write Hawks Nursery company, Wauwatosa, Wis.

For Sale—1913 model, motor cycles and motor boats at bargain prices, all makes, brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it. Also bargains in used motor cycles. Write us today. Enclose stamp for reply. Address lock box 11, Trenton, Mich. 4210w adv.

Mrs. J. M. Pearson of Portland, Oregon, wife of a prominent lumber merchant of that place, with her nephew, Percy N. Pratt and friend, Roger Anderson, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harry Smith at Channel Lake. Mrs. Pearson motored from her summer home at Ogema, Wis., to Antioch in her Cadillac Model 1913, where they will spend the week, later going to Aurora. She will return here later and Mrs. Smith will accompany her to Ogema for two or three weeks visit.

Girls Wanted for putting up Foulds Macaroni and Spaghetti packages, piece work paying from \$7.50 to \$10.00 per week. Only American girls employed. Will guarantee \$6.50 per week until more is earned; light, airy work rooms, pleasant boarding house within few minutes walking distance from factory. Room and board \$3.50 per week. Factory located at Libertyville, Ill. Address The Foulds Milling Company, Libertyville, Ill., giving business and personal references.

M. E. CHURCH NOTES

Preaching by the pastor next Sunday morning and evening.

On next Wednesday, Aug. 27, Bishop W. O. Shepard of Kansas City, Kansas will speak at our church in the main auditorium. Dr. Shepard is kindly remembered in our village, as he served as our District Superintendent two years before he was elected Bishop. The Bishop is one of the greatest preachers in our church. Don't fail to hear him. Our old friend Rev. T. K. Sabin of Willmette, will also be present in his services. Ever

Fishing tackle, at Hunts. adv

The best cream cheese at Webb's. adv

The Kenosha County Old Settlers' Picnic will be held at Paddock's Lake on Thursday, August 28.

Mr. and Mrs. Sol LaPlant left on Wednesday for North Adams, Springfield, Pettsfield, and Boston, Mass., and other points in the east. They expect to be gone a month.

Spencer Wells Wednesday evening met with a runaway accident, the result of which he is carrying his arm in sling, it having been broken at the elbow.

Mrs. Campbell will return to Antioch next Monday to again make her home with her daughter, Mrs. Stixrud. She has been visiting her son in Kentucky for several months.

Mrs. Ziegler entertained her class of music scholars at a picnic at Sylvan woods Tuesday. Not the least enjoyable part of the whole affair was the hayrack ride to and from the grounds.

The Fulton Music store at this place will close today and Mr. and Mrs. Bestor will leave today for Waukegan where Mr. Bestor will still remain in the employ of the same company.

Mrs. N. Peterson of Chicago visited Mrs. Andrew Lynch last week.

Mrs. Ed Lux of Wadsworth was a guest at the Lux home Sunday.

D. H. French of Des Moines, Iowa, visited his nephew B. H. Overton a few days last week.

Mrs. Joseph Turner and daughter, Miss Lillian of Grayslake visited Antioch relatives Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller and two children of Forest Park, visited at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. Wm. Belter last week.

John Gerhke and Miss Manning of Hammond, Ind., spent Sunday at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. P. O. Hawkins.

For Sale Cheap—26 foot Mullens pressed steel motor boat. Good as new. Call Antioch phone 501 or at J. P. Johnson, Bluff Lake resort. 44tf adv

Bishop W. O. Shepard of Kansas City, Kansas, and Rev. T. K. Gale is expected to visit Rev. Stixrud next week. On Wednesday evening the Bishop will preach at the Methodist church.

Early Sunday morning lightning struck the barn on the old Parker farm south of Loon Lake. The barn was an entire loss and also a quantity of hay. It was insured in the Millburn Insurance Co.

Farms for Sale—80 or 160 acres farm known as the Wm. Young place, 1 mile east of Antioch; fine soil, well fenced, barn and other out buildings; 40 rods lake front on Silver Lake. Reasonable terms. Apply Judd VanDuzer, Antioch, Ill. 504w adv.

The Village marshal is getting busy with auto and motorcycle speeders. Monday two auto drivers and one motorcycle driver were arrested and fined, the fine in one case being \$5.00 and costs and in the other \$2.00 and costs. This should be a warning to those who are trying to exceed the speed limit through the village streets.

(Official Publication.)
REPORT OF THE CONDITION

The State Bank of Antioch

at Antioch, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the 11th day of August 1913, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES	
Loans on Real Estate	90,775 00
Loans on Collateral Security	9,200 00
Other Loans and Discounts	30,406 75
Overdrafts	1 81
Investments:	
State, county and municipal bonds	17,371 75
Public Service Corporation Bonds	22,950 00
Other Bonds and Securities	29,212 50
Banking House	4,800 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,800 00
Due from State Banks	6,000 00
Due from National Banks	85,184 25
Cash on Hand—	
Currency	7,312 00
Gold Coin	520 00
Silver Coin	850 96
Minor coin	111 67
Checks and other cash items	61 67
Collections in Transit	172 00
Total Resources	\$255,993 56
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	25,000 00
Surplus Fund	13,500 00
Undivided profits	1,500 00
Less current interest, expenses and taxes paid	4,998 06
Deposits:	
Time Certificates	364,204 96
Savings Deposits, Subject to Notice	12,316 76
Demand Deposits, Subject to Check	95,365 17
Miscellaneous Liabilities	212 47 89
Dividends unpaid	20 00
Total Liabilities	\$255,993 56

State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss: I, W. F. Ziegler, Cashier of The State Bank of Antioch, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. F. ZIEGLER, Cashier, to before me this 14th day of August, 1913.

WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

Binding twine at Hunt's. adv

Khaki pants for men and boys, all sizes, at Webb's. adv

Try my special 25 cents coffee. Chase Webb. adv

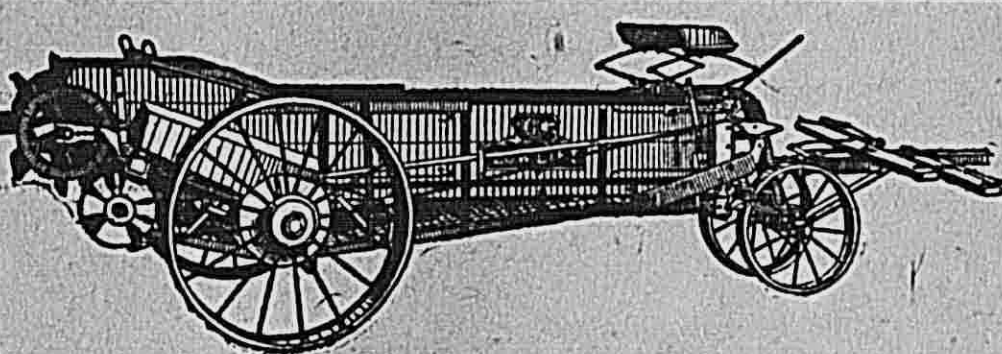
Mr. and Mrs. Dan Nelson are attending the Soldiers Reunion at Waukegan.

John Nelson left Tuesday evening for Minneapolis where he will spend his vacation.

Mrs. Lugar of Kenosha is visiting at the home of her son, R. A. Lugar of this place.

At the fourth quarterly conference of the M. E. Church, the official board extended a unanimous vote for the return of Rev. Stixrud. The Pastor expressed his appreciation and also his willingness to remain in Antioch for another year, which will make his fourth year at this place. District Superintendent Lessman promised that his influence would be used for the return of Mr. Stixrud.

The Catholic bazaar held at the Antioch opera house this week is being attended by immense crowds each night Wednesday evening holds the banner thus far, but the three remaining evenings give promise of being even a shade better. The program each evening is fully worth the price of admission, to say nothing of the other numerous attractions.



I. H. C. Low Lift Spreaders

A few years ago most farmers spread their manure and other fertilizers on the land and plowed it under. Experience and enlightenment from agriculture tests have proven that far better results can be obtained by spreading all fertilizers on the soil where the plants can get all their nourishment. By using an I. H. C. Low Lift Spreader these results can be accomplished in the best and easiest way. This spreader has a variation of feed from five to fifteen loads per acre which enables a farmer to put the necessary amount on each field. It is of the low type, but not so low as to impair the draft, but makes it an easy machine to load. It has a solid steel frame, trussed and braced like a bridge or tressel; large traction wheels and many other features that can only be appreciated when seen or used, so when in Antioch drop in at F. J. Hunt's Hardware and Implement Store and look this machine over. It will pay you.

FRANK J HUNT

ANTIOCH, - - ILLINOIS

The New Fall and Winter Styles Are Now Ready!

Before making your purchases, do not fail to see the magnificent collection of beautiful styles and materials as shown in the Fashion Book of the

Victor Ladies Tailoring Co., Chicago

Who make a Specialty of

Women's High Class Made to Measure Suits, Cloaks, Dresses and Skirts, made to order according to your individual measurements in any style and material of your selection or of your own material. Also a complete line of ready to wear coats, furs, dresses, waists, petticoats, undermuslins, corsets and accessories, Misses and Childrens cloaks, etc.

Come and enjoy the pleasure and advantage of selecting your new fall suit or other garment from a complete variety of the newest styles and materials, such as are shown only in the large cities.

My services and assistance will cost you nothing, and you will be delightfully interested in looking over the line, whether you wish to buy or not.

MRS. A. G. WATSON, ANTIOCH, ILL

Agent For

Victor Ladies Tailoring Company, Chicago

Antioch Guaranteed. Prices Always the lowest.

The Great McHenry Co.

FAIR

Woodstock, Ill.

AUGUST

25th to 30th

DAY And NIGHT

SEE THE BIG FEATURES

The Great Clifton

Kelley Carnival

Shows

15 BIG SHOWS 15

4 Big Merry Rid-

ing Devices 4

Great Feature Free Acts

The Wonderful

Guthrie Family

DU-BROCKS FAMOUS

TROUPE ENGLISH

POLO HORSES

(24 in all)

The Oliver Typewriter

Military Concert Band

Big Race Events

Trotting, Pacing

and

Running Racing

THREE EXCITING BALL

GAMES

Great Exhibits in

all Departments

AN ENORMOUS STOCK

SHOW

Grounds Beautifully

Illuminated at Night with

Thousands of Electric Lights

Every Day a

Big Day

Every Night a

Big Night

A Big Airy Dancing Pavilion

Afternoon and Evening

Special Dance Orchestra

"WE SHOULD WORRY"

Its a Big Game of

Amusements

This Year

COME EARLY

Stay Late and

be sure

To Bring

All Your

Friends

General Admission - 35c

Children - 20c

Admission to Grounds

at Night - 10c

Season Tickets or Complimentary Tickets Not Good at

Night

Usually.
A pessimist is a man who, wanting more than he is entitled to, thinks things are all going to the bad because he doesn't get it.

One Good Deed Assured.
Every man living has done some good thing in his life, even if he did it unconsciously.—Manchester Union.

Yep.
When a man brags of himself people, seeing that he is able to take care of himself, allow him to do it.

Point of View.
A mind prepossessed by high beliefs interprets all things largely.—George Elliot.

But Some of Them Don't.
A self-made man ought to have too much sense to boast about it in the presence of his wife.—Toledo Blade.

Robber.
"What do you mean by saying your dog took first prize in the cat show?"
"Why, he took the cat!"

THIS IS IT!

USE
A-B
STOVE POLISH

QUICK! EASY!
OUTLASTS ALL OTHERS!
SOLD EVERYWHERE!
A-B POLISH CO.
1515 MADISON AVE.
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Licensed Embalmer

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ANTIOCH, - - ILLINOIS

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Also Farmer's Line

INGALLS BROS.
Waukegan
OPTOMETRISTS
Graduates of McCormick
OPTICAL COLLEGE

EYES
TESTED

GLASSES
FITTED

ARTIFICIAL EYES

E. G. THOM. D. V. M.

Veterinary Surgeon & Dentist

Phone Bristol 327

Bristol, - Wisconsin

BANK OF ANTIOCH

EDWARD BROOK

BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a

General Banking Business

J. C. JAMES, JR.

UNDERTAKER

LICENSED EMBALMER

Licensed by the State Board

of Health

SEQUOIT LODGE No. 827, A. F. & A. M.

hold regular communication the first and

third Wednesday evenings of every month.

Visiting Brethren always welcome.

FRANK HUBER, Sec'y.

ELMER BRO. K. W. M.

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth

Thursdays of each month.

IDA OSMOND, Sec'y.

Dora Sabin, W. M.

J. C. James, Jr.

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

Real Estate

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several

Good Companies

Accident, and Life Insurance, Reason-

able Rates and Good Companies.

J. C. James, Jr., Antioch, Ill.

Lotus Camp No. 557 T. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and

third Monday evening of

every month in Woodman

hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting

Neighbors always welcome.

ED. GARRETT, V. G.

J. C. James, Clerk

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

Number 24 North Dearborn

Diamonds, Watches,

and cost.

WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS



Prehistoric Bones Are Found in a Maryland Cave



WASHINGTON—James W. Gidley, assistant curator of the National museum, has completed his work of exploring the cave at Corriganville, Md., for the bones of prehistoric animals. The cave was opened when the big limestone cut was made for a railway extension from Cumberland to Connellsville.

Thirty-two distinct forms of prehistoric animals were found, and when the bones are cleaned up and looked into closer the number may run up to more than 40. There are in all about 17 skulls, and ten forms are represented by good skulls.

In the find one of the most important yet made is the following: The mastodon, which lived in about the middle of the period, estimated at 150,000 years or more ago. An extinct species of the horse, similar in some

respects to the horse of the present day, but of which there was living at that time at least 14 distinct species. The tapir, now to be found no farther north than Central and South America.

An extinct peccary, a hoglike animal of more than twice the size now found in Central America. Bears, two small ones, about the size of the common black bear, but of extinct species, and one large one about the size of a grizzly bear.

The wolverine, an extinct species of an animal not now known except in northern Canada. An extinct species of a large dog like animal about the size of a gray wolf, also one or two smaller species of the same animal, now extinct. Several species of the rodent family, including woodchuck, porcupine and small field mice families. Two now extinct species of the rabbit family, one about the size of the jack rabbit, the other belonging to the group of little coney rabbits, now known only on the high peaks of the Rocky mountains and the high plateaus of Asia. Three different forms of bats now living in this vicinity, and one form of which is now living in New Mexico.

Congressman Fields Tells a Good One on Himself

"WHEN I was making my campaign last fall," said Representative Fields of Kentucky, "I started out to cover a country in which I was but little acquainted. Believing, like Polonius, that a fine front was a valuable asset, I arrayed myself in my best. When I got off the train at the county seat, whence I was to make my start, I met the candidate for judge on my ticket, and making known to him my views, I found he agreed with me.

"Accordingly, after putting up in the best quarters at the best hotel in the town, we next morning engaged the handsomest rig the best livery stable could boast, and, with a haughty driver on the box, sallied forth to conquer.

"Night overtook us some miles from the village at which we had expected to put up, but soon after it fell we awoke through the gloom an imposing looking mansion with many lights aglow.

"Ringing the bell, we announced ourselves; whereupon a hospitable gentleman came out and ushered us into a parlor whose modest furnishings seemed out of keeping with the dignity and size of the mansion.



"When, later, we went to a belated supper, we were astonished to find a spacious dining room furnished as barely as the parlor.

"It's the true yeoman spirit," explained the candidate for judge, and we got through a most meager meal as best we could.

"We were up betimes next morning, after sleeping in most primitive quarters, that did injustice to the noble mansion, and after a breakfast on a par with the supper we got in our rig and started away. Reaching the summit of a hill some half a mile away, we paused to look back at our night's resting place. Just then a horseman drew up beside us.

"What place is that?" I queried. "That?" he replied. "Why, that's the county poorhouse!"

When Boy "Put One Over" on the Congressman



CARTER GLASS of Lynchburg, Va., has his seat in the lower house tilted down so hard and fast that the folks down in his district consider it almost a sacrilege even to talk about running against him. There was once a time, however, when the votes didn't come so easy, and in those days Glass made it a practice to get out in a buggy and cover his entire district, shaking every voter by the hand and kissing all their babies.

On one of these tours Glass, driving along a lonely stretch of Virginia road, came to a huge field of scraggly corn being hoed by a boy of perhaps fifteen years. Glass drew his horse up, leaped out of the buggy, walked over and leaned against the fence. After a moment the boy, stopping hoeing,

came over and also leaned on the fence on the other side.

Glass introduced himself, and got directions as to how to find the boy's father. Nevertheless, he stopped to chat a while, but the boy was silent and then some. Finally Glass turned to the crops.

"Corn rows are pretty far apart, aren't they?" he asked. "Yep. Planted 'em that way," responded the boy, briefly.

"Looks pretty small to me for this time of year," said Glass. "Planted small corn," said the boy, and spat contentedly.

"Maybe you were a little late in planting?" suggested Glass. "Nope," said the boy succinctly. "We aim to have late corn."

Glass was now rather peeved. He looked at the boy sharply. The latter was "chawin'" tobacco, and gazing calmly into space.

"H'mmm," said Glass, clearing his throat. "There isn't much between you and a fool, is there?"

The boy looked up quickly, and then spat ruminatively. "Nope," he remarked. "Just the fence."

Declares He Will Be More Careful in the Future

FRANK D. HESTER, chief of a subdivision of the division of war claims of the pension bureau, is at his desk again. Commissioner Saltzgeber decided that the 90 days' suspension he had imposed upon Mr. Hester was too severe for such a trifling indiscretion as Mr. Hester had committed.

In the latter's subdivision was a pretty temporary clerk who had completed her work and was about to leave. She had been a favorite, and as she was leaving she made a round of the room and planted a smacking kiss upon the mouth of every woman clerk.

Reaching the desk of her now former chief, the smiling young woman, amid the titers of the other clerks, challenged Mr. Hester with: "Aren't you going to kiss me good-bye, too?"

Mr. Hester, with mind engrossed on an official paper, but with chivalry upmost, rose to the occasion and gave the young woman as good an osculatory farewell as she presented.

The tale was carried to Commissioner Saltzgeber, who promptly suspended Mr. Hester for 90 days, for the story had been enlarged upon on



its final recital. Investigation by the commissioner resulted in the withdrawal of the suspension order.

Mr. Hester declares he is going to be careful of his kissing in the future.

To Meet Demand for Dialect. "Papa, how often have I told you not to say 'I seen you'—"

"Now, ye look a-her, Maggie," interrupted Uncle Charlie Seaver, laying down his knife and fork, "maybe you will make your livin' by good grammar and higher education; but your ma and me, we're just obliged to take in summer boarders, and they demand th' dialect if they pay our rates. So what I say goes, whether she's grammatic or not!"—Puck's Quarterly.

MAKE IT LIFE STUDY

Successful Poultry Keeping Needs Real Preparation.

General Education, Special Course in Chicken Culture and Earnest Application Are Sure to Give Desirable Results.

By H. A. M'KEENE.

Secretary Illinois Farmers' Institute.

There is great advantage in a systematic and properly directed study of poultry keeping even for one who has had some experience in the business. A beginner in poultry culture and the wise poultryman seek to supplement this foundation knowledge by continual earnest searching for valuable facts bearing upon the calling. Why make it a life study?

The best starter for business life is a faithful course in the foundation studies of the common school. If the poultryman has the advantages of higher education, it should prove helpful.

Some knowledge of the natural sciences and especially of biology is certainly desirable. The poultryman deals with living animals. The more he learns of their origin, history, classification and development, of their organs and the functions of the same, of the disorders and diseases which assail them, and all that relates to their correct management, the better will be his understanding of the fowls which are the basis of his business.

If he has gained knowledge of surveying, mechanical drawing and carpentering it will be useful in locating and constructing the poultry plant.

A course in chemistry will prepare him for intelligent studying of poultry foods and feeding rations.

To become a thorough going poultryman some knowledge of the different kinds of breeds of fowls is required.

To properly mate and breed the birds for either profit or pleasure calls for insight into the principles of breeding and their application to poultry culture.

Incubation and Brooding.

To hatch and rear the chickens successfully requires some knowledge of natural or artificial incubation and brooding. The poultryman should learn all he can of principles of heating and ventilation.

To secure abundant egg or flesh production requires earnest consideration of the underlying principles of nutrition and growth and a critical study of the effects of various foods, shelter, exercise, and all the conditions surrounding the fowls.

Caponizing, fattening, killing, dressing and marketing the fowls should be well mastered. Finally, the poultryman should learn to keep accurate records and accounts.

We do not wish to intimate that a person can not "keep hens" if he or she lacks much of what has been mentioned as a proper preparation of the poultryman for his calling. It is a fact, however, that a general education supplemented if possible by a higher education, will help lay the foundation right. Whatever the previous education or experience of the prospective poultryman, a special course of instruction in poultry culture, will very effectively aid him to obtain that essential knowledge of this particular business which he must have in order to succeed in his chosen calling. Experience will serve to rivet the facts already learned. After gaining knowledge earnest work in applying the same will insure desirable results. Skill will come by practice.

The poultry student should determine upon a life course in poultry study, utilizing as fully as possible the result of the experience of others as well as the wisdom gained in his own practice and continuing alert to learn any new facts which will advance his interests as a poultryman.

The foundation factors of poultry keeping as a business, whether on a large or small scale, are the same as those of other branches of agriculture. They are land, capital and labor, and we add a fourth factor "brains."

Land provides a place for keeping fowls. Capital is sometimes defined as stored up labor. Labor is the great factor in poultry farming. Success depends upon the economical and effective labor done in the poultry plant.

Wherever practicable, labor saving appliances should be purchased and used to reduce the working expense of the plant. The quality of the brains, which plan and direct the operations usually decides the fate of all details in starting and developing the business. Intelligent attention to all details in starting and developing the undertaking will save waste of land, labor and capital.

It is certainly a fortunate condition which finds the poultryman devoting not only his own capital, but also his undivided labor of mind and muscle to the winning of success in his chosen calling.

The best plan in the poultry business, as in most other kinds of business, is to commence on a small scale involving only reasonable amounts of land, capital and labor. From this small beginning the poultry plant may be gradually enlarged along the most advantageous lines as indicated by the results secured in the particular location and under the peculiar conditions which surround the undertaking.

Fixed capital is the funds invested in land, buildings, water works, drainage, live stock, etc. Floating capital is the funds used to purchase tools, machines, feed, supplies and labor.

The floating capital must be managed as to secure a return for itself and earn an interest on the fixed capital. Here is the reason for not investing too extensively in land. It also explains why the buildings should be constructed simply and economically, if the poultry plant is to become a paying investment and not an expensive plaything.

If the fixed portion of a given total of capital is too large the poultryman has not sufficient funds available for purchase of feed in large quantities when it is low in price, or to take advantage of discounts for cash.

Do not spend a dollar unnecessarily. Study economy of capital and labor. On the other hand spend freely and wisely to secure convenience and saving of labor. Here is where the poultryman must decide and upon good judgment exercised will depend the results.

On nearly every farm poultry is to be found. From time immemorial the farmer has kept a flock of fowls besides his other live stock. Frequently the farmers look upon their poultry as a necessary evil. Too often the fowls are allowed to shift for themselves. Any old shed furnishes a roosting place and the fowls are apt to be mongrels or nondescript of every variety. The object in keeping the fowls are mainly the eggs for cooking purposes and occasionally a dressed fowl for the table.

Usually on every farm, however, there is some one who is interested in fowls or at least desirous of the pocket money, which poultry will secure. Some times it is the farmer's boy, or more rarely the daughter who takes particular interest in the farm fowls. Oft times in these days the farmer's wife adds to her many duties the care of the chickens.

The interested poultryman or poultrywoman on the farm soon finds that the mongrel fowls, while well suited to shift for themselves and to survive under the common conditions of their environment do not yield a satisfactory profit for the amount of feed and care bestowed upon them.

It has been demonstrated again and again that mongrel fowls cannot compete in egg production with a pure strain of fowls, which has been bred for generations with the single purpose of making them great egg producers.

In the second place to get the best returns the farm flock must be kept much more carefully. By keeping fowls in a comfortable winter house eggs in abundance may be obtained when market price is highest. By keeping the birds clean, disease and consequent losses will be avoided.

They may not require a larger quantity of feed than in the old way, but by the exercise of care in the distribution and balancing of the ration the results will be greatly improved.

ADVISE ON ALFALFA SEEDING

Soil Should Be Sweetened With Lime and Inoculation Must Not Be Neglected.

By H. A. M'KEENE.

Secretary Illinois Farmers' Institute.

Before seeding alfalfa the seed bed should be persistently worked, and thoroughly prepared. If the soil is acid or sour it should be sweetened through the application of air-slacked lime or finely ground limestone. If the field is well worn a liberal dressing of manure will act as an insurance against probable failure. Disk the surface of the unplowed land, after dressing with manure, until a mulch of loose soil is on the surface. Plow now to a depth of six inches or deeper, and immediately disk and harrow, roll and drag until you have a seed bed fit to sow onion seed in. Now apply your lime or limestone and again harrow. This should provide an environment for alfalfa seed which, with one addition, will supply the factors necessary not only for germination, but for rapid growth and development as well.

The remaining requisite, at least on most soils of the state, is inoculating with the nitrogen-gathering bacteria that use the alfalfa as a host plant. This may be applied when the seed is being sown, if you use a drill, or immediately after the sowing. In either instance when sowed broadcast it should be harrowed in at once. To secure the inoculating bacteria, take the surface soil from an established alfalfa field or from under thrifty sweet clover plants and scatter this soil over the field, remember, however, to harrow immediately after sowing the inoculating soil. It would be well also to use the glue method of inoculating the seed.

In seeding alfalfa, sow either with a drill or broadcast, from 15 to 20 pounds of seed per acre. If the seed is tested, and germinates strongly, a less quantity may be sown, especially when the drill is used. Seeding should place the seed not over one and one-half inches below the surface of the ground unless the soil and season is very dry. After the alfalfa appears and covers the ground the next step is to see that it is not choked out by crabgrass, foxtail, smart weed and other undesirable growth. If these bother, and grow faster than the alfalfa go into the field with a mower and clip everything repeatedly. If sown during the summer, there is little danger of these weeds interfering seriously. Leave a good growth for protection through the winter. Early in the spring you will be surprised and delighted with the early, vigorous growth made by this plant.

St. Louis trade boosters recently visited 22 cities in one week.

The rich mellow quality of LEWIS' Single Binder cigar gives the highest pleasure in smoking. Adv.

I'm not denyin' the women are foolish; God almighty made 'em to match the men.—George Eliot.

In New York.

Howard—Here's a man who says that happiness depends on the cook. Coward—In more cases it depends on the delicatessen shop.—Judge.

Friendly Tip.

Ragman—Any old bottles today, mum?

Woman—No; but you might try Mr. Soakem's, next door; his wife's coming back from the seashore tomorrow.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 34-1913.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 34-1913.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

THIS is the caution applied to the public announcement of Castoria that has been manufactured under the supervision of Chas. H. Fletcher for over 80 years—the genuine Castoria. We respectfully call the attention of fathers and mothers when purchasing Castoria to see that the wrapper bears his signature in black. When the wrapper is removed the same signature appears on both sides of the bottle in red. Parents who have used Castoria for their little ones in the past years need no warning against counterfeiters and imitations, but our present duty is to call the attention of the younger generation to the great danger of introducing into their families spurious medicines. It is to be regretted that there are people who are now engaged in the nefarious business of putting up and selling all sorts of substitutes, or what should more properly be termed counterfeiters, for medicinal preparations not only for adults, but worse yet, for children's medicines. It therefore devolves on the mother to scrutinize closely what she gives her child. Adults can do that for themselves, but the child has to rely on the mother's watchfulness.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

Important Measures Made Law.

Among the notable advances in the legislative enactments of this year, are the tuberculosis registration law of Colorado; laws providing for subsidies to local hospitals in Minnesota and Wisconsin, an act providing for the establishment of county hospitals in Indiana, and the establishment of state bureaus for the prevention of tuberculosis in Ohio and California.

Not Disorderly.

"So you have been to the art exhibit?"

"Yes, and I found several Whistlers there."

"You don't say! Why don't a guard put them out?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Washington's population last year increased by only 361.

Quite Late.

Tardy Arrival (at the concert)—Have I missed much? What are they playing now?

One of the Elect—The Ninth Symphony.

Tardy Arrival—Goodness, am I as late as that?

The Tender Skin of Children

is very sensitive to heat. Use Tyree's Antiseptic Powder for all summer skin affections. It quickly affords the little sufferer relief. 25c. at druggists or sample sent free by J. S. Tyree, Chemist, Washington, D. C.—Adv.

Availability in Prospect.

"I fear I am not worthy of you."

"Never mind about that. Between mother and myself I imagine we can effect the necessary improvements."—Chicago News.



Drink Coca-Cola

A welcome addition to any party—any time—any place. Sparkling with life and wholesomeness.

Delicious Refreshing Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes.

At Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Wherever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

Libby's Selected Pickles

Nature's finest, put up like the home-made kind and all your trouble saved. This extra quality is true of all Libby's Pickles and Condiments and there is real economy in their use.

Spanish Olives

Every one from Seville, long famed as the home of the world's best olives. Only the pick of the crop is offered to you under the Libby label. Either the Queen or Manzanilla variety or Pimento Stuffed.

Insist on Libby's.

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

Miss Catherine Leonard spent last week at home.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Tom Bromoton last Saturday.

Mrs. Maggie Letchford of Evanston visited last week with relatives here.

Miss Florence Kerr of Council Bluffs, Ia., returned to her home last week after an extended visit at Jas. Kerr's.

The East Fox Lake Cemetery society will meet at the school house, August 27, for a picnic supper. Mrs. S. Barnstable, sec.

George Derby of Marshfield, Wis., whose parents formerly owned and run the Jarvis house was here with his bride last week renewing old acquaintances.

Mrs. Pettijohn and sons are spending the week at Jas. Kerr's before going to their future home in Dakota where Mr. Pettijohn has charge of University Extension work.

Mrs. Alfred Hansen was quite badly bruised Tuesday from an attack of a vicious bull, which had before been considered harmless. But for the timely assistance of Mr. Hansen she might have been killed.

Harry Kaplan, son of the proprietor of the Lake Villa hotel was severely burned Sunday evening when he attempted to repair a leak in one of the gas fixtures at the hotel. The room was full of gas but he not realizing it lit a match and the explosion following could be heard for a half mile.

MILLBURN

Albert Jack and family have moved to Chicago.

Mrs. Yule returned from Dakato the past week.

Miss Ross is visiting with Mrs. Jamieson this week.

The Millburn Sunday School picnic will be held August 28.

Miss Cutler of Zion City is visiting with Mrs. McGuire.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Denman Saturday, Aug. 6, a son.

Miss Bater is spending a few days with friends in Evanston.

Mrs. C. E. Denman is entertaining Waukegan relatives this week.

Miss Josephine Mathews returned from a visit in Kenosha this week.

Many from here attended the Hickory picnic and report a good time.

To Know Thyself.
How can a man learn to know himself? Never by meditating, but by doing. Endeavor to do thy duty, and thou wilt at once know what in thee lies.—Goethe.

If.
Many a good fellow would be battling 400 in the game of life if there was any way to cash Kelley Pool enthusiasm.—Judge.

True Courtesy.
Lady (at piano)—"They say you love good music." Youth—"Oh, that doesn't matter. Pray go on."

Electric Service

in

The House

As an Investment

The property is improved.
It will sell better

As a Lighting Agent

The best in the world.
Arrangeable anyway.

As A Laborer Saver

The current will perform
the drudgery

Economy

Properly used Electric
Light is the Cheapest.Is Your house wired?
If not we can make
an attractive proposal
to equip it.Public Service Co
of Northern Illinois

HICKORY

Minnie Berfield visited over Sunday in Zion City.

Miss Bessie Steadman of Gurnee visited last week at Simon Ames.

Mrs. Andrew Grant and children of Chicago are visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Fletcher of Zion City are visiting at Dan Webb's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruback of Burlington are visiting at Thos. Peterson's.

Mrs. Mann returned home Sunday after spending last week at A. T. Savage's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Searf and daughter of Burlington visited at Thomas Peterson's the past week.

Misses Mary, Clara, Hattie and May Reynolds of Topeka, Kansas, who are spending a few weeks at their cottage on Cedar Lake visited at the A. T. Savage home Sunday.

RUSSELL

Miss Robinson of Genoa is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Elmer Murrie entertained the Aid Society Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stetlander and daughter of Aurora are visiting here.

Miss Myrtle Corris has returned to Kenosha after a week's vacation.

The entertainment at the church Tuesday evening was well attended.

John Crawford and family are spending their vacation at the Edward's home.

Mrs. Dixon is spending this week with her daughter Mrs. George Vass at Gurnee. Mr. and Mrs. Vass have a baby boy born August 16.

Looks as though Russell would have some excitement in the near future. St. Paul R. R. company expect to rebuild the side track leading to the old race track.

Can't Help Wondering.
Parisian fashion leaders of the gentler sex have taken up the fad of tinting their complexions to match the hues of their dresses. We just can't help wondering how the lady with a plaid dress is going to meet the exigency.—Youngstown Telegram.

Rather Risky.
The man who always closes his eyes to the unsightly things in life is apt to slip up on a banana peel.

Down the Line.
Jones—"Does he belong to the four hundred?" Smith—"Yes; he's one of the ciphers."

In a Pinch.
The old fashioned idea of a good pinch hitter was a man who could clean up a cotton patch with a weedling hoe before the rain came.—Dallas News.

Cynic Breaks Out Again.
"Do you think it unlucky to postpone a wedding day?" "It may be, but if you don't postpone it you will be married, so what are you to do?"

Enormous Damage by Floods.
The flood damage in the United States is estimated at about \$100,000,000 annually.

Virtue.
Virtue is a device for making death less horrible. Virtue is the will without the deed. Virtue is its own punishment.—Smart Set.

But She Never Thinks So.
It must be hard for a young woman to practice four hours a day and then hear a street piano playing her own line of tunes better than she does.—Exchange.

Serious Matter.
Jones—"Are you serious in your attentions to Miss Hulks?" Bones—"Rather! Her father did me out of \$10,000 on the stock exchange last month and I'll get that back if I have to marry the whole family for it."

Horrible English words.
One can easily add to Victor Hugo's list of horrible English words. "Gentle," for instance, is an adjective that sets the teeth on edge, and "select" (used as an adjective) is another word that only a second rate person would select. "Emerge" and "transpire" are both repulsive to use and any breakfast is always spoiled when a correspondent "thinks him in anticipation," or a tailor asks him to come and try on his "esteemed favor"—meaning trousers.

Indispensable Plow.

Plowing is the father of industries, the indispensable primary operation upon which civilization has depended from the earliest ages, and the plow is thus the most useful and necessary implement which has ever been designed by mankind for his own advancement. Without the plow agriculture is impossible, and without agriculture no industry can exist.—From "Electricity for the Farm and Home," by Frank Koester.

That's What It's For.
A man with a fine graphophone may be excused for putting on airs.

Accounting for the Balkan Hatred.
"I can't figure it out any other way," muses Stanley Livingston Mutschaw, the amateur philosopher, "that the Serbs, Bulgars, Roumanians and the rest of those feverish folks in the Balkan states are all related to each other by marriage—brothers-in-law, mostly, I should judge. Otherwise there seems no way of accounting for the hearty, whole-souled manner in which they hate each other."—Kansas City Star.



Good Lumber In the Beginning

insures satisfaction at the finish. In selecting lumber durability is not the only thing to be considered. Labor is a big item in building and lumber that is hard to work and which offers no longer life is an expensive luxury. In our lumber we've combined durability with easy working qualities and you can't go wrong if you consult us.

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Telephone 513

Invidious Humor.
A budding author who was making excursions into humor sent a paragraph to the editor of a daily paper. Not finding it printed within a reasonable time or hearing from the editorial department he wrote about its welfare: "I sent you a joke about ten days ago. I have heard nothing respecting its safe receipt, and should be glad to hear whether you have seen it." The editor's reply was as follows: "Your joke arrived safely, but up to the present we have not seen it."

Justifies Impatient Father.
Law Notes quotes the following opinion of Justice Riddell of a high court of justice, Ontario, in a habeas corpus case over the custody of a child: "And even if he did not wish his sleep to be broken by a crying infant, it is understood that this is not without precedent in the tenderest and most conscientious of fathers."

Happens Frequently.
We don't know who puts the puns in punctuation, but we do know a whole lot of punctuation is put into punks.

AS the summer is fast fleeing away and our summer goods also and as we have some good values left will put them on sale August 22, and for one week only. All of the following:

Ladies' pumps in gunmetal and tan. Ladies' pumps in velvet. Ladies' pumps in patent leather. Ladies' Suede oxfords. Ladies' tan oxfords in button and two strap, also ladies and children's white shoes and children's two strap in white.

Remember the above will be on sale one week only commencing August 22nd.

Always ask for piano votes with every purchase

Look For the Place

CITY SHOE STORE

J. R. Cribb, Prop.

Antioch, Ills.

DEAR MR. CUSTOMER:—

Don't be weak on the price proposition, it's really a secondary consideration.

"Quality is remembered long after price is forgotten"

A growth based on honest endeavor to give quality, to emphasize the good, to avoid error, is permanent and carries within itself an impetus for continual advancement.

We handle the very best material on the market, and our prices are based upon the Quality of the article.

PLUMBING & HEATING, a specialty. Strictly sanitary plumbing (Guaranteed) whether your water supply is from city or otherwise.

Prices and Estimates given on the following

Hot water, steam, warm air furnace heating, acetylene and gasoline gas piping and fixtures, pneumatic water supply systems, gasoline and kerosene engines, pumps and well supplies, pipe and fittings, galvanized iron cornices, eaves troughs and gutter, builders hardware, stoves and ranges, gasoline and kerosene stoves, fishing tackle, American wire field enclosures, guns and ammunition, National copper cable lightning rods and General Repairing

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MERCHANDISE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

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Sixtieth Annual
LAKE COUNTY

FAIR

LIBERTYVILLE, ILLINOIS

SEPTEMBER 2, 3, 4, 5, 1913

A \$4,500.00 racing program has been arranged, eleven big events on the best half mile track in Illinois

SPEED PROGRAM

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd.
2:20 Trot.....Purse \$400.00
2:15 Pace.....Purse \$400.00
3:00 Trot.....Purse \$400.00

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th.
2:24 Trot—Early Closing.....\$800.00
2:35 Pace.....Purse \$400.00
Free-for-All (Trot).....Purse \$400.00
Running Race— $\frac{1}{4}$ Mile and repeat.....Purse \$150.00

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th.

2:20 Pace—Early Closing.....\$600.00
2:30 Trot.....Purse \$400.00
Free-for-All Pace.....Purse \$400.00
Running Race— $\frac{1}{4}$ Mile & repeat.....\$150.00

EXHIBITS

Judging from present outlook, the exhibits this year will be bigger, better and altogether more extensive than ever before. Many requisitions are coming in daily for live stock stalls and pens and the exhibits in these classes will surely eclipse all previous events. The conditions of farm crops is such as to insure the very best exhibits along that line.

Base Ball

There will be contests each day between the best teams obtainable for which liberal purses will be offered

THE BEST MIDWAY

The management this year is exercising every effort to make the midway longer and cleaner than ever before and the success which has crowned their efforts thus far in the campaign assures their attainment of the purpose for which they are working

You Cannot Afford to Miss
LAKE COUNTY'S BEST FAIR

Bell System



TO OBTAIN the best results from four-party line telephone service, conversations should not be excessively long. When one of the instruments is in use at least three and, in some instances, six others are cut off from service completely.

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